The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 192.

FIRST EDITION.

NEW YORK.

The New Freight Tariff to the West.

Statement of the Affairs of Duncan, Sherman & Co.

The Erie Company's Coal Lands in Pennsylvania.

A War Suit Against General Sheridan.

NEW YORK, August 13, 1875.

Duncan, Sherman & Co.

A statement of the affairs of Duncan, Sherman & Co. has been prepared for the public, from which it appears the liabilities of the firm are $4,872,128 and the assets $2,112,740. This statement is not official, and can be taken as representing the approximate amount. It has been prepared to answer many inquiries regarding the probable condition of affairs and with special care to avoid making a better showing than may be justified. All doubtful assets have been reduced or stricken out. The amount of liabilities given on account of travelers' credits and circulars is $2,372,952.

The New Freight Tariff to the West, in advance, goes into effect this morning over the four trunk lines—the New York Central, the Erie, the Pennsylvania, and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroads. Passenger rates were made uniform more than six weeks ago. Freight agents are not permitted to make contracts for more than ten days under the new arrangements. The following are the rates at which freight will be taken over trunk lines from New York and Boston to the leading points West on and after to-day:

Cities	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	4th Class.	Special
Buffalo....	45	40	35	30	20
Chicago....	50	40	30	25	20
Cleveland..	40	30	25	20	15
Cincinnati.	46	37	28	23	19
Louisville..	60	49	39	34	28
St. Louis..	62	55	43	36	32
Toledo.....	40	31	25	20	16
Detroit....	40	30	25	20	15
Milwaukee	50	40	30	25	20

The conference between the Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, at Baltimore, has reference to the above schedule only so far as they had a mutual understanding as to details in regard to freight going West from Philadelphia and Baltimore, the Erie and New York Central roads having already agreed on details affecting New York and Boston.

The Erie Railway.

Sir Edward Watkins, Chairman of the Stockholders' Committee of the Erie Railroad in England, started last evening on a tour of inspection of the Erie Railroad, and on his return, will make a thorough examination of the books and affairs.

Judge Westbrook made an order this evening, on petition of Hugh J. Jewett, Receiver of the Erie Railway Company, permitting a contract by which the interests of the railway company in Pennsylvania coal lands shall be consolidated with those of the Shawnut Company, a mortgage to be executed on the property to secure bonds for $4,000,000, and the transfer by Jewett to the consolidated company of 5,000 shares of the N. W. Mining and Exchange Company in exchange for $1,366,667 of said mortgage bonds at par, subject to the payment of the balance due on the purchase of the N. W. Company, amounting to $543,000, the Shawmut Company to receive certain of said mortgage bonds in payment for its interest in mortgaged premises. Consolidation is permitted of the Buffalo, Bradford & Rochester Company, with a capital stock of $4,000,000, in shares of one hundred dollars each, of which 22,990 shares (a majority) are to be delivered to the Erie Consolidated Company to guarantee the payment of the principal and interest of the $4,000,000 bonds of the N. W. Mining and Exchange Company. Wm. D. Shipman is appointed trustee of said bonds. The consolidated company is to assume the name of the Pennsylvania & Erie Coal and Railway Company. The proceeds of the bonds are to be used to construct a railroad to furnish a market for coal.

By this Jewett claims advantages to Erie, including substantially a monopoly of the right to receive and transport freight and passengers over and beyond the Pennsylvania & Erie Coal and Railway Company, and that he will best save the interests of the Erie stockholders. The consolidated company will hold 33,107 acres, containing, it is alleged, immense deposits of coal.

A War Suit Against Gen. Sheridan.

Notice was given in the United States District Attorney's office, to-day, that testimony would be taken *de bene esse* in the suit instituted in 1869, by James S. Whelan, of St. Charles parish, Louisiana, against General Sheridan, to recover $358,775, the value of sugar, molasses, mules, stables, &c., confiscated in the case in the fall of 1867, while in command in that State. The defence is that the General only obeyed orders.

The Alleged Forgers.

The four men arrested and charged with forging California & Oregon Railroad bonds were before the Court to-day, but the examination was postponed until Monday next. The detectives investigating the forgeries discovered four forged real estate bonds of the New York Central Railroad Company.

A Scandal Case.

In the Brooklyn Court to-day, a warrant was granted for the arrest of the German Consul, named Max Hallheimer, in an action brought against him by Moses Swartz, charging criminal conversations with his (Swartz's) wife. The damages are laid at $5,000.

In Memoriam.

At a meeting of the Liberal Club this evening a large number of Danish residents of the city, members of the Danish Club, and friends and admirers of Hans Christian Andersen, were present, to offer a tribute to his memory.

THE MISSISSIPPI FLOOD.

Less Than One Inch Below the Danger Line—No Extended Damage in Any One Locality.

MEMPHIS, August 13.—During the past twenty-four hours ending at seven o'clock this evening, the river rose one inch. It is now within less than one inch of the danger line. The damage to crops continues, but thus far only in individual cases, and the latest advices from above and below show no extended damage in any one locality farther than already reported. Just below Goodrich's, about sixty miles above Vicksburg, danger is apprehended, but a large force is at work strengthening the levee. Mr. Milliken's Bend the bank has caved in up to the levee, and should another slide occur great damage will ensue. On the Arkansas river no damage has been done above Red fork, and comparatively little below that point. Along the Mississippi planters fear that the newly constructed levees, which have thus far protected them, will become saturated with water and give way, unless a decline speedily sets in. The damage done at Cork's Point, Jersey Point and Gaines Landing is insignificant, but at Point Comfort and Linwood it is heavy.

DEATH ON THE GALLOWS.

A Murderer Hanged at Knoxville, Tenn.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., August 13.—John Webb, the murderer, was hung to-day. He maintained wonderful nerve to the last, and under the gallows continued to affirm his innocence. An immense crowd from the surrounding country, estimated at from 12,000 to 15,000, was present to witness the execution.

Wright W. Wheally Hanged at Helena.

HELENA, MONT., August 13.—Wright W. Wheally, one of the murderers of France Ware, was hanged to-day at 12:30. He died neither confessing his guilt nor pleading innocence.

A Negro Boy Murderer Hanged at Lynchburg, Va.

RICHMOND, VA., August 13.—Thomas Withers, a negro boy murderer, was executed at Lynchburg to-day for the murder of a girl. His neck was not broken, but death was caused by strangulation. He succeeded three times in raising his feet to the edge of the trap and drew himself up, but as often did the sheriff push them off. He made a full confession.

The Crops in the Northwest.

CHICAGO, August 13.—The *Inter-Ocean* to-morrow morning will contain advices from more than one hundred and fifty points in the Northwest, showing that in Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Ohio and Dakota the wheat crop of 1875 will be in the aggregate sixty-five per cent., oats seventy-three per cent., and corn ninety-one per cent. of an average crop.

The *Times'* specials from the Northwest, where the storms have done the greatest damage, show that the first reports were considerably exaggerated, and that though the yield of the crops will not be great, it will be at least half of an average in the worst injured sections.

WHITE MOUNTAINS.

Trip from Pittsburgh, via Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

The Scenery and Incidents on the Way—An Uncomfortable Stage Ride—The View from Mount Washington—Henry Ward Beecher and his "Talk"—The Hotels and Waiters, &c.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

TWIN MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
WHITE MOUNTAINS, N. H.,
August 9th, 1875.

Generously relieved for a space from pastoral labors, it has been my privilege the past few days to roam *ad libitum* among the majestic hills of God. As I seem to be the only representative of the Smoky City in this locality, I deem it due to your numerous readers to give a brief and desultory sketch of what I have seen and heard since I left Pittsburgh.

The "City of Brotherly Love."

Taking the fast train on Monday morning, August 2d, I arrived safely in the "City of Brotherly Love" at 6:20 P. M., of the same day. Here allow me to bear witness to the obliging enterprise of the great Pennsylvania Railroad. Our train was stopped soon after starting, owing to a land slide occasioned by the heavy rains of the night previous, but the delay was short, and was soon made up. On reaching Philadelphia we could not resist the temptation of passing the night with some friends. That city is making extensive preparation for the Centennial, and has never looked so pretty. It presents a strong contrast to Pittsburgh in point of cleanly streets and houses. We doubt, however, if the citizens are more generous and pure hearted.

New York and Boston.

Tuesday morning found us on our way to the Empire City. We took a palace car and found it very luxurious. One old lady, who was bound to remain number one, made a great fuss about a favorable position. "I say, conductor, be sure and give me a central seat." Some people act as if the world moved for them alone. The best way to see human selfishness is to travel. Ladies will nonchalently beg your pardon for usurping your seat during a moment's absence, and appear anxious to rise, when they no more intend to do so than to fly to the moon. New York in due time reached, a square dinner appropriated in Delmonico's, we hasten to the H., N. J. & Springfield R. R., for Boston. This is a grand road, furnishing splendid scenery. The atmosphere is purer than in our own State. I reached Boston at 11 P. M. I noticed with pleasure that on this road little boys went through the cars at proper intervals distributing water to the thirsty. This conduct is more benevolent than that of the irrepressible news and fruit venders, so ubiquitous on many railroad branches. Early on the following morning we were on our way to the White Mountains *via* Portland. One indicrous incident occurred on the train. At one of the intermediate stations a young man hurridly entered the car, and unconsciously muttered, "I have lost my wife again." This was the occasion for a general shout from the passengers, at the poor fellow's expense, who hastily took his exit. In a moment he appeared on the platform linked to his wandering half.

Ascending the Mountains.

In this locality the breezes from the sea are exhilerating. We gradually ascend. The country imperceptibly assumes the aspect of a mountain forest. Glen Station is reached. Glen House is our destination. This is fifteen miles distant, and is reached by stage. But the stage is gone. We are under the necessity of passing the night at Jackson Falls, three miles distant. This is a delightful place, situated at the foot of the mountains. The hotels are filled with a respectable and jovial class of people. Two of these hotels, the Jackson and the Thorn, united that evening in exercises of a social and festive character. We had music, dancing, refreshments and conversation. All were sociable. An interesting feature here are the falls, which are crossed by a bridge, which sings a lullaby to the sleeper. "Nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is here to be enjoyed in reality.

A Stage Ride.

"Stage will be here at 9:30 for Glen House," said our bland landlord, in reply to a modest inquiry. And it was. Drawn by six stout horses at a rapid pace, came the jumping, thumping thing, keeping time to the crack of the burly driver's whip, who ever makes it a point to make a spurt in view of the hotel, however, lazily he may proceed among the woods. May we be delivered from many such rides! Woe to the dyspeptic who enters such a vehicle in such a place! With the exception of a few bruises on the head, however, caused by rather sudden contact with the roof of the conveyance, and a slight emptiness all around, we reached Glen House safe and sound in time to eat a hearty dinner. And now we are fairly in the White Mountains.

The rest of this epistle must be condensed lest the waste basket enders much of our labor in vain. The hotels here are good. Boarding averages $4.50 per day. The waiters and waitresses are active and obliging. Some of them have wonderful memories. In the Glen House, I observed that one young man took five different orders at the same time, and brought them all correctly. Others, again, are deficient in this respect, and get confused. The bill of fare is excellent.

Visit to Mount Washington.

Mount Washington is the highest of the range, the summit being about 6,300 feet above the level of the sea. We ascended it by stage, paying five dollars for a ride of eight miles. It usually takes four hours to make that trip. It repays. The prospect is extensive on a clear day. Winter clothing is comfortable. On the other side there is a peculiarly constructed railroad for ascent and descent. Along this the engine creeps at the rate of two and one-half miles per hour. An excellent hotel, called the Summit House, is situated on the very top of the mountain. This has lately been substituted for the Tip-Top House, which stands a few yards aside, unoccupied. On the door of this, which is open for visitors, in common with others, we inscribed our name and place of abode. From the base of the mountain the Fabyan, Crawford, and Twin Mountain Houses are reached by stage. It is but just to remark that on this side of Mount Washington the roads are tolerable.

Beecher and his "Talk."

The Twin Mountain House is not essentially different from the contiguous hotels. Rev. H. W. Beecher, however, is here, and forms the focus of many eyes. He looks very robust and buoyant. He preached yesterday to a very large audience, composed of the guests of the house and the guests of the houses for miles around. Nor were they disappointed. His text was John III: 5-6. Of course he did not give a textual discourse. We have not time to give a summary of his "talk," but can only say that it was a eulogy of morality apart from the divine operation, and an abuse of the Calvinistic doctrines in general. With many of his utterances we do not agree. But as an orator of magnetic power we heartily accord him much praise. He says many good and true things, but his plausible sophistry, gilded with sarcastic illustrations, is contemptible. So much for the pharisaical preacher.

And now we must close, begging your pardons, Messrs. Editors, and the pardons of all your readers, for being so long-winded. Our only plea is that we have inhaled long draughts of pure mountain air, that have not only developed our lungs, but elongated our understanding and memory. Should this dose prove beneficial, you may hear something concerning our future ramblings. We hope soon to hear the music of the billows. W. Y.

Donaldson and His Balloon.

A New York paper publishes a communication from a gentleman who has a theory that Donaldson's baloon was struck by lightning. Not only is there not the slightest evidence that such was the case, but there is not on record a single instance in which a balloon has been struck by lightning, although aeronauts have made ascensions in violent thunder storms. The French balloon, Ville d'Orleans, which held 75,000 feet of gas, and carried two persons, was of very nearly the same size and weight of Donaldson's balloon, which held 70,000 feet of gas. It left Paris at 11:40 at night, and landed 1,200 miles away in Norway at 2:25 on the afternoon of the next day. Now, Donaldson would have reached the forests of Lake Michigan after drifting only 200 miles, and there is no reason to suppose that the balloon was not capable of a much longer voyage. Had it been struck by lightning, or wrecked in any other way on the lake, some fragments of it ought to have been long ago found. We still cling to the hope that Donaldson and his companion are yet in the Canadian woods, and will emerge before long in safety.

A Man Who Didn't Remember Lot's Wife.

The Watertown *Times* mentions the case of a gentleman in that city who attempted a few days ago to climb up the steep rocks of Copenhagen Falls, nearly two hundred feet high, stepping from jutting rock to jutting rock. When about half way up he looked back, and became paralyzed with terror, so that he could not move a limb. He shouted his situation to persons below, and they sent for help. Men came, and finally one of them decided to go up after the frightened man. By encouraging him, and telling him just where to step, and preceding him down the precipice, he succeeded in getting him to the safe place from which he started.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN NEWS.

The British Parliament Prorogued.

Cardinal Manning Replies to Gladstone's Pamphlet.

Another German Bishop Expelled from His Diocese.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Parliament Prorogued.

LONDON, August 13.—Parliament was prorogued to-day until the 29th of October. The Queen's speech at the close of the session says her relations with all foreign powers continue cordial, and that she looks forward with confidence to the maintenance of European peace. The visit of the Seyyed of Zanzibar has led to the conclusion of a supplementary convention looking to a more complete suppression of the East African slave trade. With regard to the attack on the English expedition and the murder of Mr. Margary on Chinese territory, she says no effort will be spared to secure the punishment of the instigators and perpetrators of the crime. The colonies are generally prosperous.

Referring to the preservation of the peace of Ireland, Her Majesty expressed her gratification at the adoption of a measure which, while relaxing the stringency of former enactments, is calculated to insure tranquility there.

She has every reason to hope that the progress of the revenue, which has marked recent years, will be fully sustained in the present one.

Her Majesty then refers to other principal enactments of the session, her reference to shipping bills being as follows: "The state of public business and the difference of opinion naturally arising on a varied, comprehensive scheme have unfortunately prevented you from completing the consideration of the merchant shipping bill. But I rejoice that you have been able, by a temporary enactment, to diminish considerably the dangers to which my sea-faring subjects are exposed."

The arrangements which you have made with respect to the reduction of the national debt and those for the better regulation of loans for public works will lead to valuable improvements in our system of imperial and local finance.

In bidding you farewell for the recess, I pray that the blessing of Providence may fall on your recent labors and accompany you in the discharge of your duties.

Reply to Gladstone's Pamphlet.

LONDON, August 13.—The pamphlet of Gladstone has elicited a reply from Cardinal Manning, in which he says the ex-Premier is "among the chief apostles of revolution against the peace of the Christian Church."

More Failures.

LONDON, August 13.—The *Echo* records some further failures in the city, among them Donegri & Sons and H. J. Cravan.

GERMANY.

Another Bishop Expelled.

LONDON, August 13.—A dispatch from Berlin says the Bishop of Guezen, who has been acting to some extent for Archbishop Ledochowsky, has been expelled from his diocese by the Government.

The Old Catholic Conference.

BONN, August 13.—The Old Catholic Conference occupied to-day in discussing the question of the presence of the Holy Ghost. The Conference has nearly agreed to a formula concerning it, which will be submitted to-morrow, to which Eastern and Western Churches may jointly subscribe.

An Ultramontanist Elected to Parliament.

BERLIN, August 13.—Hertling, the Ultramontane candidate, has been elected to the German Parliament for Coblentz by 8,000 majority.

Obituary.

Heinrich Adolf von Seastrow, a General of the Prussian army, died to-day, aged 74.

Complaint to Russia.

LONDON, August 14—6 A. M.—A Berlin dispatch to the *Post* says the German Government has addressed a formal complaint to Russia in regard to the recent infraction of the frontier at Doubrowa. The Russian soldier who originated the difficulty died of wounds received in the affray.

FRANCE.

Representation at the Philadelphia Exhibition.

PARIS, August 13.—The number of persons intending to send goods to the Philadelphia exhibition is increasing here and in the departments. At Lyons, to-day, Mr. Appleton addressed a meeting of silk manufacturers on the subject of the Centennial. Besides making many practical suggestions, he gave eloquent expression to the sympathetic sentiments of America towards France. A special committee was appointed to attend to despatching goods to Philadelphia.

Destructive Hurricane.

LONDON, August 14—5 A. M.—A dispatch to the *Standard* reports a hurricane and hail storm at Poitiers the twenty-first instant of Paris. Many houses were unroofed, and windows and chimneys everywhere demolished. In the surrounding country, for a distance of several miles in every direction, cattle were killed and fruit trees and vines destroyed. A number of people were badly injured by hail stones, which were of enormous size, and it is feared that some will die from injuries. The tempest lasted only half an hour, but the damage it caused in that time is estimated at $100,000.

Sunday School Convention.

Friday's Proceedings—Chautauqua Alumni Organized—Address on "Sunday Schools and God's Book of Nature"—Lecture on Some of the Elements of Success in Sunday School Teaching.

FAIR POINT, August 13.—An association of graduates of the Assembly Normal course last year, called the Chautauqua Alumni, has been organized. Sixty-seven graduates were present. Dr. O. F. Presbri, of Washington, D. C., is President, and Rev. J. A. Worden, of Steubenville, Ohio, Secretary.

This forenoon Rev. C. F. Deems, D. D., pastor of the Church of the Stranger, New York, spoke on "Sunday Schools and God's Book of Nature." The teacher must have a distinct idea of his work. He is not to teach science or literature, and has nothing to do with mental training or æsthetic culture. He is to teach the truths of the Bible as from God. The measure of his success will be the number of his pupils who become sanctified.

The Dr. proceeded to unfold the book of nature in a most masterly manner, and was applauded by his auditors. It was one of the finest addresses of the whole Assembly.

This afternoon a lecture on some of the elements of success in Sunday school teaching was delivered by Rev. Dr. Vincent, Richard Newton, D. D., rector of the Church of Epiphany, Philadelphia. The speaker mentioned some principal elements, namely, sympathy, simplicity and strength. Mention was made of aged women of Philadelphia who had taught infant classes for forty years, and had only been absent from a class two Sundays during that period.

After this address it was announced that General Clinton A. Fisk, Hon. Oliver Hoyt, Senator Fenton, Gen. Babcock and Ulysses Grant, Jr., would accompany the President from Jamestown to Fair Point on Saturday afternoon. Addresses will be delivered from the platform at that time by Mr. Hoyt, ex-Governor Fisk, Dr. Fowler and the President. The steam yacht Josie Bell will bring the party from Jamestown, and will be appropriately decorated. The platform, cottages and grounds will be illuminated at night.

This evening Rev. Chas. Fowler, D. D., LL. D., of Evanston, Ill., delivered an address on the text "He that believeth shall not make haste." Greatness was of exceedingly slow growth. Civilizations grow up wearily through ages. The question of man's success was, Will he stick? Faith was a steadying power towards this greatness. The address was one of great beauty and power.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Aug. 13, 1875.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidt.	Wind.	Weather
7 A. M.	29.920	69	84	S.	Cloudy.
2 P. M.	29.880	80	40	N. W.	Fair.
9 P. M.	29.887	71	75	Calm.	Fair.

Mean Barometer, 29.886.
Mean Thermometer, 73.
Highest Thermometer, 84.
Lowest Thermometer, 62.

L. A. WELSH.
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, 1 A. M., August 14, 1875.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For the Middle States and lower lake region, clear or fair and warmer weather, with south to west winds, and stationary barometer.

The Rivers.

The Ohio river will continue to fall rapidly at stations above Paducah, and fall slowly during Saturday night at this station. The Mississippi will fall slowly at Cairo and St. Louis, and rise very slightly at stations between Memphis and Vicksburg, and probably reach the danger line (thirty-four feet) at Memphis.

FROM WASHINGTON.

$10,000,000.00 Five-Twenty Bonds Called In.

Report on the Condition of the Cotton Crop.

WASHINGTON, August 13, 1875.

$10,000,000 Five-twenty Bonds Called In.

A call for $10,000,000 worth of bonds was issued by the Treasury Department to-day, the Syndicate having made another subscription for that sum. This leaves but $88,537,550 of new five per cent. bonds in the hands of the Secretary, and the Syndicate has until November 15 to take this amount. The following is the call:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, August 13, 1875.—By virtue of authority given by the act of Congress approved July 14, 1870, entitled "Act to authorize the refunding of the national debt," I hereby give notice that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds herein below designated, known as 5-20 bonds, will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in Washington, on and after the 15th day of November, 1875, and that interest on said bonds will cease on that day, that is to say, bonds of the acts of March 3, 1864, and June 30, 1864, as follows: Six per cent. registered bonds, act of March 3, 1864—$100, No. 1 to 72, both inclusive; $500, No. 1 to 43, both inclusive; $1,000, No. 1 to 253, both inclusive; $5,000, No. 1 to 1,366, both inclusive—total, $945,600.

Act of June 30, 1864, coupon bonds—$50, No. 1 to 750, both inclusive; $100; No. 1 to 3,700, both inclusive; $500, No. 1 to 4,300, both inclusive; $1,000, No. 1 to 16,200, both inclusive—total, $5,500,000.

Registered bonds—$50, No. 1 to 30, both inclusive; $100, No. 1 to 250, both inclusive; $500, No. 1 to 200, both inclusive; $1,000, No. 1 to 1,100, both inclusive; $5,000, No. 1 to 800, both inclusive; $10,000, No. 1 to 1,520, both inclusive—total, $3,553,400; grand total, $10,000,000.

The amount outstanding embraced in the numbers as above, $5,500,000 are coupon bonds and $4,500,000 are registered bonds. United States securities forwarded for redemption at the Treasurer's "Loan Division, Secretary's Office," and all registered bonds should be assigned to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption.

(Signed.) C. F. BURNAM,
Assistant Secretary.

The Cotton Crop.

Returns to the Department of Agriculture for August 1st show an improvement of the cotton crop of 4 per cent. in North Carolina, 1 in Mississippi, and 4 in Arkansas. These States were largely injured with the same conditions of growth which had secured their high averages of July. Texas maintained her previous figures, the crop being in good condition, the rains balanced by fine weather in others. Tennessee lost 2 per cent., mostly on account of injuries to bottom land crops from excessive rains. In Louisiana the average decline is 6 per cent., on account of local drought, though several parishes report very promising crops. This injurious influence cut down the average of Georgia 11 per cent., of South Carolina 15 per cent., and Florida 16 per cent. The August averages were as follows: North Carolina, 98; South Carolina, 84; Georgia, 86; Florida, 85; Alabama, 95; Mississippi, 104; Louisiana, 99; Texas, 93; Arkansas, 108; and Tennessee, 107.

Peace in the Treasury.

It can be authoritatively stated that there is no foundation in fact for the statements that have appeared to the effect that serious differences exist between the Secretary of the Treasury and the United States Treasurer.

THE SCIENCE CONVENTION.

Third Day's Proceedings—Reports on Scientific Subjects Requested.

DETROIT, August 13.—The American Association for the Advancement of Science, now holding its twenty-fourth annual meeting in this city, convened this morning at 10 o'clock for the third session of this meeting, in order to listen to addresses of Professors Newton and Dawson, Chairmen respectively of sections "A" and "B," and Vice Presidents of the Association, after which Prof. Riley read the reports of the State Entomologists of Missouri to the Association.

The Standing Committee adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Association earnestly requests the State authorities of the different States in the Union, as well as officers in the respective departments of the National Government, to furnish the Secretary of the Association with all reports on scientific subjects by remitting them to the Permanent Secretary.

Invitations to visit various manufactories, and especially to examine the process of pisci-culture at Northville, were received and read. A number of new members were then admitted to the Association, after which Prof. Putnam announced that the gift of $1,000, made by Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, of New York, to be expended at the discretion of a committee of the Association, had been devoted to the publication of a monograph of all that is known of fossil butterflies. The publication is a handsome, large paper quarto pamphlet.

Secretary Scudder reported invitations to hold the next meeting of the Association at Buffalo, Philadelphia and Nashville. The invitation from the latter place is signed by the Governor of Tennessee and by the principal officers of the government of that State.

The general session of the Association then adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Some of the members who were specially interested in microscopy met in the Circuit Court room to consider the fitness of organizing a sub-section in that department, either for this year or next. There seemed to be little prospect of doing much at present, and it was thought that another meeting might be held hereafter, at which the proper preliminary to the establishment of the sub-section for next year should be taken by electing a chairman in accordance with the conditions of the constitution.

In the afternoon the following business was transacted: In section "A" the following papers were read and discussed: "On the Distribution of the Asteroids," by Daniel Kirkwood; "Some Inequalities of Long Periods in the Moon's Motion," by John Stockwell; "Algebraic Curves Expressed in Trigonometric Equations," by E. L. Scott; "On a Transformation of Curves from Algebraic to Transcendental," by H. A. Newton; "On Certain Transcendental Curves," by A. W. Phillips.

In the sub-section of chemistry the following papers were disposed of: One by Thad. M. Stevens, on "Rapid and Automatic Filtration, with a Description of Apparatus," and five by S. W. Johnson, bearing the following titles: "Dr. Ang's Method of Estimating Phosphoric Acid in the Presence of Iron and Aluminum," "Apparatus for Fat Extraction," "Composition of Corn Fodder and Yield per Acre," "Composition of the Sweet Potatoes," "On Thorpe's Method of Estimating Nitric Acid."

In section "B" but seven papers were read. They were as follows: "New Species of Fossils," by Dr. C. A. White; "On Some New and Remarkable Coal Plants from the Lower Coal Measures of Ohio, and their Typical Relation," by E. B. Andrews; "Existence of Glacial Action Upon the Summits of South Washington, Va.," by C. H. Hitchcock; "On the Geology of the Southern Counties of New York, and Particularly of the Katskill Mountain Region," by Jas. Hall; "On Some of the Results of the Geological Survey of Ohio," by J. S. Newberry; "On an Ancient Gracation at Kelly's Island, Ohio," by Chas. Whittlesey; "Leading Divisions in Recent Chilonidae," by P. P. Carpenter.

Last night the members of the Association were received by E. A. Brush, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Detroit, during the evening gave a diamond breast pin, worth $1,500, was stolen from a bureau in his wife's bed room, which had been assigned to the ladies for toilet purposes. It is supposed that it was taken by some sneak thief, who took advantage of the crowd to obtain admission to the house. To night the Association is entertained by Governor Bagley. The celebrated Light Guard Band is now playing in the park opposite his residence.

COMMERCE OBSTRUCTED.

Only Fifteen Feet of Water on the Bars at the Mouth of the Mississippi River—Vessels Delayed Two Weeks.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—The steam. ship State of Alabama, which has been on Pass a l'Outre bar for two weeks past, was pulled off to-day and towed inside, the greater part of her cargo having been discharged. There is not exceeding fifteen feet of water on this bar at high tide, although two Government dredge boats have been hovering over it for the past twelve months. There is now as much water at the Southwest Pass, which has not been touched by the dredge boats. The steamships Penedo and Arbritrator came in there this morning. The steamers Alabama, Gunnison, St. Louis, ship Ariland, bark Adelin, and ship C. Adams are inside at Pass a l'Outre, bound out. The steamship Cortes and ship Mary E. Riggs are outside, bound in.

Marine News.

LONDON, August 13.—The steamship Faraday sailed to-day to repair the United States cable.

QUEENSTOWN, August 13.—The steamship Russia, from New York, has arrived.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Arrived—The steamship Necker, from Bremen.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—General J. W. Davidson, in command at Ft. Griffin, on the frontier, reports the Indians all quiet.

—The Brooklyn *Argus* states that John G. Schumacker intends to resign his seat in Congress and remain in Europe.

—Hon. Wm. D. Kelley addressed a large audience in Chicago, last night, on the financial questions of the day.

—Patrick Fitzgerald, a real estate broker and builder of Springfield, Mass., failed for $150,000. His assets probably are half this amount.

—An excursion party of two hundred and ten Freemasons from Cincinnati to Portland passed through Detroit yesterday over the Grand Trunk Railway.

—The residence of Wm. P. Malburn, at Freeport, Ills., was burned on Friday morning. Mr. Malburn narrowly escaped, but his wife perished in the flames.

—In the election in the Cherokee Nation for Chief, Wm. P. Ross received a majority of sixty-three as far as heard from, but this will probably be increased to one hundred and twenty-three.

—The suit pending in the Fedral Court in Little Rock, Ark., in reference to the ownership of the Memphis & Little Rock Railroad, which was set for trial on Friday, has been postponed.

—Superintendent Chapman, of the New York Insurance Department, has canceled the certificate of authority of the Toutina Life Insurance Company of Chicago to do business in this State.

—The wife of Richard Dodge, living at Middlesex, Vt., shot the latter's brother on Friday, blowing off his jaw and inflicting what are considered fatal injuries. The parties had a law suit about property.

—Austin F. Jones, who is reputed as rather a desperate character, went into the saloon of W. R. Dickerson, in Fayette, Mo., on Thursday, and commenced creating a disturbance. Dickerson attempted to preserve the peace, and Jones drew a knife on him, whereupon Dickerson shot him in the head, killing him instantly.

—It is said that Cattle & Bordley, doing business in Baltimore under the name of the New York Tea Company, and who failed on Wednesday, with liabilities of $60,000, were passengers on a steamer from New York to Europe on Thursday. The committee of creditors who investigated the affairs of the firm charge that they have been carrying on for some time a well planned system of swindling.

RAID ON A DANCE HOUSE.

The Shakespeare House Pulled.

Many complaints have been made to the Mayor that the hotel business at the Shakespeare House in the Twentieth ward was not conducted on Justinian principles. Oth wise, that on each Thursday night for several weeks, the common women of the town and their "pals" have been in the habit of assembling there and dancing, shouting and yelling, to the great disturbance of the neighborhood. In order to abate the nuisance Mayor McCarthy instructed Chief Bigham to pay attention to the premises, and raid it, if necessary, in order to restore order in the vicinity. In accordance with his instructions a posse of police were massed in the vicinity of the house about midnight, and then an attack was made. Some forty or fifty couple were enjoying themselves, but they were sadly chagrined when they found themselves prisoners. The captives were taken to the Central Station house, and there some deposited money for their appearance at a hearing, while others were committed. Yesterday morning the Mayor presided over several cases, and, under the ordinance preventing the carrying on of "unlicensed dance houses," he fined the prisoners five dollars and costs each, which nearly all paid. The proprietor of the house, George Piagett, was fined one hundred dollars and costs, which he did not pay, and, in preference, went to jail for sixty days. His Honor appeared determined to stop the dance business in equirrel.

Some of the parties arrested—and there were about sixty in all, deny the authority of the Mayor to order any such raid. A Mr Beaty, who was arrested with the others, is determined to have some law on the matter, and to-day, T. Baird Patterson, Esq., will make application to the Court for a writ of *habeas corpus*, claiming that some of the incalpated parties were illegally arrested. The Mayor contends that the act of Assembly empowers the police authorities to summarily arrest all parties in such a house, and under such circumstances independent of their respectability. Mr. Patterson thinks that boarders at the house and parties there not attending the ball have some rights which the Mayor's office is bound to respect, and that is what the Court is to determine.

Base Ball.

The Xantha club has gracefully yielded the point in dispute between it and the Braddocks, and will play this latter at Union Park on Monday afternoon.

The Legal Tenders, of Allegheny, and the National Currencies, of Pittsburgh, play at Union Park on Tuesday afternoon The nines are as follows: Legal Tenders—E. C. Hetzel, Third National Bank, Allegheny; A. P. May, Diamond Savings Bank; E. R. Kramer, First National Bank, Allegheny; J. D. Kramer, do.; A. S. Cameron, National National Bank, Allegheny; A. R. Girty, Allegheny Savings Bank; J. T. Brown, do.; G. L. Walter, Workingman's Savings Bank, Allgheny; R. W. Drum, Franklin Savings Bank, Allegheny. National Currencys—D. W. Semple, First National Bank, Pittsburgh; H. S. Hill, Market Bank, Pittsburgh; Jos. K. Crawford, Tradesman's Bank, Pittsburgh; C. H. Siedle, Fifth avenue Bank, Pittsburgh; T. W. Welsh, jr., Penn Avenue Trust Co., Pittsburgh; G. B. Boswell, Penn Bank, Pittsburgh; B. S. Crossan, Allegheny National Bank, Pittsburgh; D. L. Johns, Bank of Industry, Pittsburgh; T. L. Reiber, Penn Bank, Pittsburgh.

The game at Hazelwood this afternoon, between lawyers and reporters, promises to be well attended, and will, beyond any doubt whatever, be the most interesting of the season. It costs nothing to see it.

As base ball is assuming so much prominence hereabouts, why not organize a Western Pennsylvania Amateur Base Ball Association?

What a Brother-in-law Did.

Among the prisoners locked up for drunkenness at the Central Station house last night was one A. Cuppy. Subsequently constable Harley, of Alderman King's office, appeared at the station and stated that Cuppy was his brother-in-law and that he was of opinion that he had stolen his (Harley's) wife's gold watch and also a revolver belonging to himself. Stepping into the corridor Cuppy was awakened in his cell from a very sound sleep. He denied having taken the watch or revolver, but it was thought advisable to search him. His pockets were empty, but in one of his shoes the watch was found. The revolver he denied knowing anything about. He was held for a hearing this morning.

Iron City College, corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street, now open. Students received at any time. For circular or other information address the Principal, J. C. Smith, A. M., Pittsburgh.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHECKERED FRONT.

The House that Sells the Great

WHITE RIVER FLOUR,

The Best Flour

For the Money in the United States.

FULL AND COMPLETE LINE

GROCERIES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MUSSELMAN & CO.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO, also the celebrated

GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY.

To be had in Pittsburgh at R. & W. Jenkinson's, John Fullerton & Son, J. W. Taylor, Martin Heyl, T. J. Wallace, J. M. Sichel & Co., E. Poerstell & Co., Carter Brothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, Herzog & Beckman, also all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses.

REGIMENTAL REUNION.

Meeting of the Survivors of the 103d Regiment, P. V., at Kittanning Next Month.

APOLLO, PA., August 14, 1875.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—It may be interesting to the readers of the GAZETTE to know that the surviving members of the 103d Regiment, many of whom reside in Allegheny county, will hold a reunion at Kittanning, September 16th, at 10 o'clock A. M., the 14th anniversary of its organization. This regiment was formed of companies from Allegheny, Butler, Clarion, Indiana and Armstrong counties, and was commanded by

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING.
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

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T. P. BOUSTON .....D. L. FLEMING.
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KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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KING, REED & CO.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 14, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

BONDS at Frankfort 86½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 43.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 118¼@118¾.

RUMORS having become current of an extensive system of smuggling carried on by fishing smacks, the Custom officers at the lake ports are notified from Washington to keep a sharp lookout for this new scheme of evading the tariff.

SPAIN is going to try her hand again at the suppression of the insurrection in Cuba, by sending ten thousand men to Captain General Valmaseda. This is not the first time a like number of soldiers went to Cuba for the same purpose.

WE have advices from London to the effect that the improved tone in financial circles continues, and that all fears of further financial depression have passed. The improvement is also said to be most marked in American securities—all of which is most gratifying.

THE Queen's speech at the closing of the British Parliament, yesterday, announces that the relations with all foreign powers continue cordial, and she looks forward with confidence to the maintenance of European peace, all rumors to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE clerical party, in several of the Italians States, was successful in the recent municipal elections. There seems to have been a fusion of incongruous elements, but it illustrates to the Papal party the possibility of its so managing political affairs as to again become a power in Italy. The effect of the triumph will probably be to lead the clerical party to take a larger interest in future elections.

THE St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says it is worthy of note that Williamson county, Illinois, where the outrages are now being committed, is one of the Democratic strongholds of the State. The rebel flag was kept flying over the Court House at Marion long after actual hostilities had commenced. The chief occupation of the people down there in *ante bellum* days used to be the pursuit of runaway "niggers."

THERE are gratifying signs in some parts of the country of a revival of business. Notwithstanding the damage to crops in some portions of the west from rain, and in other portions from grasshoppers, in a very large section the crops were never better. The farmers are getting good prices for their wheat and prompt payment, and having money will turn naturally to the East for supplies of the various products of our manufactories.

GOVERNOR BEVERIDGE, of Illinois, in seeking to explain his tardiness of action in the Williamson county murder cases, says that the local authorities had not called upon him for assistance. If they have not called upon him, it is probably because the scoundrels and ruffians in the Russell-Bulliner feud have so intimidated them that they dare not. Even if they are not intimidated, however, there is no reason why the Governor should not long since have stepped in and prevented the recurrence of these murderous outrages which have disgraced the whole State.

THE press of the country is beginning to give attention to the tramp nuisance. East and West, it is the same. Men, women and occasionally children are found, ranging the highways, foul of person and impudent in demeanor, begging food as they need it, refusing to work, stealing as opportunity offers, and capable of even worse crimes on occasion. Their disagreeably suspicious character is their most noticed feature. They are looked upon with aversion and dread. It seems unnatural, in this country, to have people wandering idly and vagrantly along the highway. All are expected to work, if not at just the occupation that is most desirable, and profitable,—at something. The worst feature of this tramp business is the certainty that it will increase our supply of criminals. Idleness and vagrancy certainly lead to crime; and if the tramps are allowed to range from town to town unmolested, the time will come when they will serve the country as criminals. Good policy would indicate the prompt ending of this business. These people can be arrested under the vagrant act, and should be. They should not be allowed to lead lives that can only end in crime. There is safety in the future only in some such course as will prevent tramping, and compel the vagrant element to adopt habits of industry.

THE legal aspects of the currency question, which were discussed in the GAZETTE a few days ago, are attracting very general attention. We pointed out that the most that could be claimed for the United States Supreme Court decision was that it sustained the legality of greenbacks as tenders for the payment of private contracts, but did not include the idea that these should be used to pay United States bonds. But Judge Bradley, who delivered the decision of the Court, was more cautious than we then noticed. He said: "It follows as another corollary from the views which I have expressed that the power to make Treasury notes a legal tender, whilst a mere incidental one to that of issuing the notes themselves, and to one of the forms of borrowing money, nethertheless a power *not to be resorted to* except on extraordinary and pressing occasions, *such as war or other public exigencies of great gravity and importance;* and should *be no longer continued than all the circumstances of the case demand.*" Thus there is every reason for believing that the Supreme Court would refuse to sustain the outrageous propositions of the Ohio Democracy, should they be carried before the people.

THERE is much misapprehension, we notice, even among our religious exchanges, as to the real cause and nature of the contest between the German Government and the Romish Church. It does not represent an attempt on the part of Bismarck, to uproot the Roman Catholic faith, but to subordinate the ecclesiastics of that Church to the law of the Empire. All forms of faith in Germany are supported by the public treasury. The Roman Catholics receive, *pro rata*, their share of the public funds. All denominations are equally subject to the laws of the land. It is one of the requirements of the laws that all nominations for Bishoprics shall be submitted to the Government for its approval on political, not religious grounds. To this a foreign potentate, the Pope, declines to submit. He takes the ground that the Church is supreme and above the State, and that the State has nothing to do with the appointments of the Church. The Government insisted upon its right to be consulted as to who should be appointed, and the refusal of the newly-appointed Bishops to acquiesce and their determination to enter upon their episcopal duties in direct opposition to the law has resulted in their being arrested and punished by imprisonment and fines. Their punishment is of the same nature as that of an offender being punished for contempt of Court in refusing to obey its mandates; they were punished for contempt of the Government. This is the simple cause of the quarrel which has raged so long.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

We have not, at this time, any public buildings in course of erection,—thank Providence,—and our Water Works are so well on their way toward completion, and in honest hands, as we believe, that no apprehensions need be indulged respecting them. But at two points where large public buildings are in course of erection, serious complaints are being made. We refer to the Custom House at Chicago, and the new Municipal Hall building in Philadelphia. The Custom House trouble at Chicago is more of the nature of a contest between two conflicting, and interested parties, than else. As between the two, we incline to think, as light develops, that Mullett was acting honestly, and that his plans, and the material selected, were the best attainable. Certainly revised and disinterested, and even critical opinion in Chicago now favors this idea. Mullett was hounded out of office, and was doubtless partially the cause of it, himself. He allowed bad manners and a virile temper to obscure his better qualities. Yet it is declared that the New York Post-Office, designed and nearly completed under his supervision, is one of the best constructed, substantial, and economical public buildings in the country.

But the new Municipal Hall in Philadelphia is the subject of severe criticism. Of the policy of erecting marble palaces, that rival the most splendid architectural works in Europe, we need not speak. There are those who advocate, and those who oppose. But if the erection of such structures is undertaken, there should be no doubt as to their solidity, safety and permanency. Yet it is alleged that that in course of erection in Philadelphia, will be exceedingly unsafe. The marble work is a mere veneering, in place of being sufficiently strong to bear the weight of the building. It is alleged that the brick-work with which the thin marble slabs are backed will shrink, thus throwing the entire weight of the structure on the marble, which will not be strong enough to bear it. The quality and character of the marble work is also severely criticised. In place of being smooth, it is declared to be rough, and thus liable to be affected by the action of the elements. It will be a very imposing structure, of immense size, and vast cost. If it should be unsafe, or defective, it will be a serious matter. This particular subject, however, is of special interest to Philadelphia; but out of it grow some general considerations that are worthy of careful notice.

1. Is there no feasible method of preventing this tendency to cheat the general public? It is declared that the defects in the Philadelphia building are distinct violations of the contract. Thus it represents, if so, a deliberate attempt to cheat the city. Of course, did the right men control the work, the frauds would be promptly stopped; but how shall right men be put in power? Experience proves that even men of supposedly high character are not always most capable of discharging public trusts, where they are brought in contact with men disposed to overrate and cheat. And where men honestly seek to do right, they are often annoyed and troubled. The Rising Mains contract of this city is an example. A long, annoying, and troublesome suit at law followed upon the making of this contract, yet the action of the committee was fully sustained. To our mind, if, when citizens of repute really believe that wrongs are being perpetrated, and the money of the people dishonestly spent, or the terms of contracts are being fraudulently evaded, they should enjoin the offending parties, in case personal remonstrance will not answer. One or two actions of this character would be a warning to those disposed to do wrong.

2. The occasional development of the evils above referred to, illustrates the need of exceeding care in the selection of municipal officials, of all grades. In reality, the most important officials we elect at all, if we except the great officials of the State and nation, are those who manage our municipal affairs. Our cities have grown to be large, and their government involves large powers on the part of officials. So complex and diverse are those powers, that it is simply impossible that citizens generally should either understand or be able to criticise them. The futile efforts of the Taxpayers in this city illustrates our idea. Men, more than usually well-informed in city affairs, and with sufficient money, legal advice, and an evident purpose to accomplish reforms, really succeeded in doing nothing more than annoy our city officials for awhile. If there are abuses and grievances in our city administration, they failed to clearly discover them, or to apply a remedy. The legacy of long-continued effort in that direction is a contest over the office of Mayor. If the labor and means that are occasionally expended in futile spasms of reform were systematically employed through regular party agencies, to secure perfectly acceptable officials, the difficulties complained of would not exist.

3. Public works should be judiciously criticised. What we have stated as to the Philadelphia municipal buildings seems to us to reflect the judicious criticisms of the friends of the enterprise. But it is true that all such criticism is not thus good-tempered, careful and judicious. We have had a vast amount of utterly senseless criticism, in this city, of public works, of late years. One set of gentlemen was driven from the Water Commission by criticisms that were unjust and extreme. The size and scope of the works, their cost, their probable excess of cost over estimates, and the insinuation of corruption, were dwelt upon, until men, honorable and sensitive in their personal dealings, were driven to resign their places. While one unfortunate event was within proper limits, a fair subject for criticism, these proper limits were exceeded. The present Water Committee has been, at times, severely criticised, and the contractors abused; yet we fully believe that both are honestly and conscientiously seeking to perform their duty to the letter. It is not best to be captious; but when rightly and honorably we may find fault, let it be done effectively. Thus we may prevent wrongs, if they appear, save the people's money, secure improvements of good quality, and promote purity and right.

Widow and Widower.

Bequests to widows on condition of their continued widowhood are frequent in the records of wills. An English judge has said:

"The law recognises in the husband such an interest in his wife's widowhood as to make it lawful for him to restrain her from making a second marriage."

But, according to English Vice-Chancellor Hall, a wife has no parallel interest in respect to her husband, and a condition founded upon the latter's continued singleness has been held invalid. Here is a fresh grievance for the advocates of women's rights. The reason of the distinction is stated by another Vice Chancellor, Wood:

"A condition restraining the marriage of a widow is valid, because it is not an arbitrary prohibition of marriage, but the condition of a gift, made to a widow because she is a widow, and because the circumstances would be entirely changed if she entered into a new relation."

POLITICAL NOTES.

SECRETARY BRISTOW will soon take the stump in Ohio.

EX-GOVERNOR KIRKWOOD opens the Republican campaign at Des Moines, Iowa, on the 19th.

THE Republicans of Luzerne county will hold their nominating convention on the 17th instant.

THE Mauch Chunk *Democrat* enthusiastically suggests the name of Hon. S. S. Dreher, President Judge of that district, as a suitable candidate for Governor.

THE Democracy of Center county have nominated P. Gray Meek, of the Bellefonte *Watchman*, for the State Senate. There are three counties in the Senatorial district.

THE New Orleans *Republican* says, with more truth than circumlocution, that the headquarters of the national Democratic party are in John Morrissey's pool-room, at Saratoga.

THEY are publishing alphabetical lists of Senatorial aspirants in Tennessee. There is scarcely a man in the State who does not want to rattle around in Andy Johnson's place.

THE Philadelphia *North American* thinks the recent election in North Carolina renders it safe to count that State for the Republicans in the Presidential contest. It is also confident that four other Southern States will keep it company.

SENATOR CAMERON, in a recent conversation in Washington, expressed the utmost confidence in the ability of the Republican party in Pennsylvania to elect Governor Hartranft in the Fall. The Democrats, he believes, will nominate Mr. Bigler.

THE scandals in Maryland politics beat all others. It is said now that ex-Gov. Groome, who was a candidate for Governor before the late Democratic Convention, and very reluctantly withdrew in favor of John Lee Carroll, will soon be made President of the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal, at a salary of $10,000 per year. Furthermore, he has a promise of a seat in the United States Senate four years from now. The Republicans charge that the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal ring controlled the Convention, and that Gov. Groome had his price. Honest men should remember that Maryland is a banner Democratic State.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE Spanish Government intends sending 10,000 men to Cuba, that Captain General Valmaseda may execute his plans for the reduction of the insurrection.

THE President directs that Dodd county, Georgia, now embraced partly in the Second and partly in the Third Internal Revenue districts, be included in the Second district.

FRAWNER, who recently fatally shot a War Department clerk named Kennard, in Washington, because of the intimacy of the latter with Frawner's wife, was yesterday brought before Judge Wylie on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

DONALDSON'S children still remain in destitute circumstances in Rochester, N. Y. The proposition that a benefit be given for them does not meet with much favor, and an appeal is being made to the charitable on their behalf.

THE measles struck the Fiji Islands, and many of the natives laid themselves down and died. They said 'it was no use to struggle with such a fatal poison as that; imagination did the rest. They thought the English wanted to get rid of them.

IOWA is on the advance in population. We learn that the Secretary of State has returns from seventy-six counties, showing a gain of 81,7000 since the last census. The only counties showing a decrease are Blackhawk, Johnson, and Emmet.

JOHN HUFFNER, of the firm of Haffner & Mayes, ship chandlers, Detroit, on Friday morning shot his wife through the breast, inflicting a mortal wound, and then shot himself, producing instant death. Jealousy is supposed to be the cause of the tragedy.

WHEN the late Dr. Scudder, of India, was arousing the children of America to care for the heathen, he received a note from a little girl, saying: "My dear Dr. Scudder. I send you 10 cents. When you want any more money, write to me." Innocence personified, verily.

A HUSBAND and wife were both drowned on last Friday while bathing at Rockaway, New York. It is said they were both good swimmers, but got out too far and were unable to regain the beach. The list of persons drowned at the various watering places this season seems unusually large.

LOUISVILLE is selected as the place to hold a Convention of all the Grange Purchasing Agents, on the 1st of October. The National Executive and all State Executive Committees will be present. They meet for the purpose of adopting some plan by which business can be conducted upon a uniform system throughout the United States.

A DISPATCH from London says that Webb, the Englishman, who undertook to swim from Dover to Calais, without life-saving apparatus, failed. He started at 5 P. M. on Thursday, and at midnight, when half way across, owing to the then raging roughness of the waves it was thought prudent to take him on board the attending sloop. He was apparently not fatigued.

IT is now stated that Piper, of Boston, who was arrested for the murder of Mabel H. Young, is to be first tried for the murder of Bridget Landergan. The detectives working the case think the evidence against him for the Landergan murder is stronger than that connecting him with the belfry murder, and the latter amounts to almost positive certainty.

AN analysis of England's marriage statistics presents some curious data relative to the probabilities of marriage for women at different ages, showing a woman's actual chances of marriage to be 100, these statistics show that she exhausts, between the ages of 15 and 21, 14½ chances. If she lives unmarried from 20 to 25, 52 more of her chances appear to be lost; and if she remains unmarried for five years more she will turn thirty with only 15½ chances out of her 100 left. After 35 she has 11½ chances; and even after a woman has lived unmarried sixty years she still has the tenth of a chance out of the original 100 chances.

A WILD boy was lately captured near Austin, Texas. He was first discovered wallowing in a pond of shallow water, and when approached he broke like a quarter horse, running about a mile before he could be overtaken by men on ponies. Riding up near, the boy was lassoed, when a fierce contest ensued, the strange being striking, kicking and lunging about in a most fearful manner, and apparently being frightened almost to death. Finally he was overpowered, tied and taken to the house of the man who first discovered him. His body was covered with hair about four inches long, and from size and appearance he is supposed to be about twelve years old. He is unable to talk, but possesses reasoning power, and now follows his captor about like a dog.

OHIO ITEMS.

AN Ashland county farmer owns a cow which, from May 20 to July 25, gave 2,124 pounds of milk.

THE book and stationery store of Crumrine & Nichol, Steubenville, was burglarized to the amount of $150, on Wednesday night.

JOHN NOBLE, the wife murderer, of Milbury, Sandusky county, who escaped from custody last Friday, has been recaptured and lodged in jail.

THERE is great excitement at Collin's Station, Huron county, in consequence of the discovery of the dead body of an unknown man, evidently brutally murdered with a club.

THE dead body of a one-armed patent medicine peddler floated ashore at Port Clinton, on the 30th ult. He had attempted to cross the bay, on the 26th, in a boat, and it being capsized, he was drowned.

AN inquest was held Wednesday on the body of a woman found below Marietta. The verdict was death by hands of parties unknown. The body was that of a girl between fifteen and seventeen years of age.

WOOL was going off quite rapidly last week in the neighborhood of Smithfield, at 42 cents per lb. The feeling in Cross Creek township, Jefferson county, is that this is about the best that can be done, Jefferson county wool will soon all have passed from first hands.—*Ohio Valley News.*

WEST VIRGINIA ITEMS.

MR. DANIELS, of the firm of Daniels & Jenkins, Peel Tree, West Virginia, was drowned a few days ago while bathing.

THE Pittsburgh Stave Company in Wetzel county, West Virginia, lost a barge load of heading on Monday week. The boat was tied in the creek, and the tremendous rise upset her and quickly carried her load into the river. Loss about $3,500.

ON Sunday evening two young men named Alonzo Cole and Archibald Ward, of Grafton, West Virginia, became involved in a quarrel, caused by a light remark made by Ward. Finally Ward became infuriated and took from his pocket a large pen-knife, opened it and stabbed Cole in the stomach, inflicting a wound from which Cole died Monday morning. After the stabbing Ward fled, but was captured and lodged in jail.

THE value of the real and personal property in Wheeling, according to the returns made by the Assessors, is $14,906,000. The Second Branch of Council was agreed to make the annual assessment 40 cents on the $100, which would thus realize $59,600. The amount last year was $45,115, and if the First Branch concurs in the action of the Second the revenue this year will exceed by $14,485 that of last year.

STATE BREVITIES.

THE postoffice at Brandon, Venango county, has been discontinued.

PHŒNIXVILLE wants a free bridge over the Schuylkill. So does Norristown.

THE State Council of the Sovereigns of Industry will meet in Philadelphia next year.

BURGLARS are infesting Meadville worse than ever. Some of the good people should give them a dose of cold lead.

THE house of Mr. T. B. Crockett, in Conneaut township, Crawford county, was burned on Wednesday evening, entailing a loss estimated at fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars.

A GIRL in Beaver Falls has pawned her engagement ring for money to buy candy with.—*Times.* Didn't know Beaver county sweethearts allowed their stomachs to swallow their love.

A LAD working in the Fallston keg factory, by the name of McFarland, recently got caught on a hook connected with some part of the machinery, and had the fleshy part of his thigh and lower abdomen fearfully mangled.

THE crops in Crawford and Venango counties promise better than was at first expected. Wheat is but an average yield, but the quality is good. Hay and corn are an average yield. Oats thrifty and a heavy crop. Potatoes better than for several years. Fruits of all kinds will fall far below the productions of other years.

THERE is no change to note in wool matters. Within the last few days several Eastern wool buyers have been observed in Washington county, which would indicate that there was a prospect of the market opening up. We have heard of no sales of any importance as having taken place recently.—*Washington Observer.*

AT Clintonville, Pa., on Friday morning, Perry Hilliard, while in his father's residence, playing with a pistol, shot his little sister Myra, who was near him. The ball penetrated the brain, after striking her cheek. Death resulted in half an hour. Several other members of the family were present at the time the accident occurred.

THE arrangements for manufacturing coal dust into fuel it seems are not merely talk, but a reality. The announcement is being made that at the Harrisburg foundry and machine works five machines are being made for this purpose. We also see it stated that the Reading Railroad Company are about using this coal dust fuel in their locomotives.

ON Friday night last some devilish bad hearted person caught one of a flock of sheep belonging to W. J. Williams & Bro., and cut a steak from the living animal's hind quarter, and then let it go. The next day it was found, the ugly hole filled with maggots and the poor sheep dying in agony. It was promptly killed,—and so ought the perpetrator to be.—*Monongahela Republican.*

A HEN belonging to Mr. Richard Tanner, of Beaver, catches mice as readily as a cat will do. Last week, as Mrs. Hen was standing in the kitchen door, she spied a mouse running under the cupboard. Stationing herself in a suitable place, the mouse soon made its appearance, when she caught it, carrying it out doors, where she pecked it to death. The chicken is of the Dorkin breed.—*Times.*

A LARGE and valuable barn owned by Mr. David Nicholls, of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, with his entire wheat crop, a considerable amount of hay, farming implements, harness, &c., was destroyed by fire on last Wednesday night. The fire was discovered by Mr. Nicholls about midnight, and it was then so far advanced that it was impossible to save anything. The loss of the building and contents is about $7,000. Insured in reliable companies for $1,500.

A TELEGRAM from Franklin says an insane man got on the cars of the Atlantic and Great Western railroad, near Corry, on Tuesday, and soon after drew a loaded pistol, pointing it at John Lee, of Franklin, who sat a little in front of him, when a passenger threw down his hand. The lunatic then placed the muzzle in his mouth and attempted to fire, but the weapon only snapped. He was then disarmed and the pistol discharged. The affair caused intense excitement.

APPLICANTS for appointment to fill a vacancy from the Twenty-first Congressional district at the West Point Academy, will report in person at Uniontown, Fayette county, on Friday, the 27th day of August, 1875, at which time and place an examination will be had by a committee appointed for the purpose. Contestants must be actual, permanent residents of Fayette, Greene or Westmoreland counties, and the person selected by the committee will be recommended for the appointment.

THE work on the railroad at Waynesburg is progressing rapidly, now that the weather has become settled and dry. There are some 150 workmen on the route and it is remarkable how fast they make road bed. In ten days more the cut at West Union will be completed, and by the last of this month the valley, in Greene county, up to the summit, will present the appearance of a railroad track. A contract was let, Tuesday of last week, for 20,000 ties to Enoch Wolf who lives near Washington, Pa.

THE Patrons of Husbandry of this section of the county are making extensive preparations to have a grand time at their Harvest Home Picnic, on Saturday, Aug. 21st. The four Granges, Monongahela, Bentleysville, Union, (Finleyville) and Peters, are making a united effort for the occasion, and we have every reason to predict a very pleasant and enjoyable affair A farmers' picnic is something new in this part of the country, and everybody appears anxious to see what the Grangers can do, and what they have to say.—*Monongahela Republican.*

A ROCHESTER druggist missed a small package of opium valued at $10, while coming down on the cars from Pittsburgh one evening last week. On a beautiful day, under one of those Eastern skies which seem like the gates of Paradise, the stepmother and the two girls went to bathe in the Black Sea, near the rocks on the Asiatic side. The sea was calm, scarcely wrinkled by the breeze. But suddenly one of the young swimmers was seized by a dangerous current, she struggled and grew faint. A cry of anguish was heard; she was about to sink. But the stepmother saw the danger, and although she was a hundred yards away, and she saw that the attempt would put her life in danger, she rushed to the spot, plunged in after the young girl, she had disappeared from sight. She seized her under the waves, came up with her, but was again drawn down by the current. It was a fearful but admirable sight. Over and over they went down and reappeared, always in each other's arms. The other young girl, wishing also to sacrifice herself, was within one step of the current. At the last moment a boat arrived. The Countess de Vogue had not only saved the young girl, but the second also, for she seized her and dragged her from the current toward the boat. It was heoric, but the good stepmother thought it the simplest thing in the world.

A GOOD STEPMOTHER.

Two Girls Rescued from Drowning.

As an offset to the stepmothers we are most accustomed to read about, Arsene Houssaye, in one of his letters from Paris to the New York *Tribune*, relates the following fact:

We have in Paris a national society for the encouragement of virtuous actions, which distributes medals every year. There are never medals enough, just as, at the Academy, there are never enough Monthyon prizes. At the last distribution of medals we saluted that of the Countess de Vogue, Embassadress of France in Constantinople. You have heard endless witticisms at the expense of mothers-in-law and stepmothers. Now listen to this fact. Madame de Vogue is the stepmother of two young girls. On a beautiful day, under one of those Eastern skies which seem like the gates of Paradise, the stepmother and the two girls went to bathe in the Black Sea, near the rocks on the Asiatic side. The sea was calm, scarcely wrinkled by the breeze. But suddenly one of the young swimmers was seized by a dangerous current, she struggled and grew faint. A cry of anguish was heard; she was about to sink. But the stepmother saw the danger, and although she was a hundred yards away, and she saw that the attempt would put her life in danger, she rushed to the spot, plunged in after the young girl, she had disappeared from sight. She seized her under the waves, came up with her, but was again drawn down by the current. It was a fearful but admirable sight. Over and over they went down and reappeared, always in each other's arms. The other young girl, wishing also to sacrifice herself, was within one step of the current. At the last moment a boat arrived. The Countess de Vogue had not only saved the young girl, but the second also, for she seized her and dragged her from the current toward the boat. It was heoric, but the good stepmother thought it the simplest thing in the world.

PLEASURES AND PAINS.

Pleasures of Memory.

Lighter than air, hope's Summer visions die,
If but a fleeting cloud obscure the sky!
If but a beam of sober reason play,
Lo, fancy's fairy frost-work melts away!
But can the wiles of art, the grasp of power,
Snatch the rich relics of a well-spent hour?
These, when the trembling spirit wings her flight,
Pour around her path a stream of living light,
And gild those pure and perfect realms of rest,
Where virtue triumphs and her sons are blest!

SAMUEL ROGERS.

Pains of Memory.

Alas! all inefficient is her power
To cheer, by what is past, the present hour;
For every good gone by, each transport o'er,
She may regret, but never can restore.
Yet shall her festering touch corrode the heart—
Compel the subjugated tear to start,
She calls grim phantoms from the shadowy deep,
And sends her furies forth to torture sleep;
The lapse of time, the strength of reason dares,
And with fresh rage her straining back prepares.

ROBERT MERRY.

MOODY AND SANKEY.

What London Did for the Evangelists.

The Hon. John Y. Farwell, of Chicago, who will arrive with Messrs. Moody and Sankey in the Spain to-day, writes that the London Committee paid all bills connected with the evangelists' labors in that city, amounting to some $150,000, and had a surplus of $5,000. They appropriated this for a noon-day prayer meeting to be continued daily. At a breakfast meeting given to the evangelists, Mr. Moody made a proposition that a memorial of their interest in the work, which they had only begun, would be an appropriate thing. It was at once proposed to raise $500,000 for an evangelistic building in the West End, and smaller amounts for buildings in other localities. Before leaving the table over $200,000 were subscribed, one gentleman giving $50,000 and three others $25,000. This, with the amount already expended, makes $350,000, given in London alone since Moody and Sankey went there, and all of it voluntarily. The evangelists declined a proposition to give them a testimonial, and the copyright upon their hymn books, of which $25,000 worth were sold, to which they had a legal and moral right, was left to the disposal of the London Committee for religious work.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings.
No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., commencing from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Sinnick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Folmar-bee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Ralfey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Lamp Chandeliers and Glassware!
Lowest prices at wholesale. Call or send for new Illustrated Catalogue and Price List.
J. P. SMITH, SON & CO.,
189 Liberty street, near Sixth.

Park Hair Dressing Saloon.
Hair Dressing, Hair Cutting, Shaving and Shampooing, in the latest style. Also, Cupping and Leeching, at
JNO. S. WILLIAMSON'S,
No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny City.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building, Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ,
ARCHITECT,
REMOVED TO
Nos. 64 and 66 Federal Street, Allegheny,
Over Girard Savings Bank.

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,
Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Patent Chimney Pipes, Cellar Floors, &c., cemented. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
240 REBECCA STREET, ALLEGHENY

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?
USE
AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT.
Put up in cans of all sizes and color, ready to dip the brush in and use. Any one can be his own painter or make a business by using it. It is the cheapest and best. Try a sample can. Sold at
No. 633 Wood Street,
ONIONS, BALDWIN & CO.,
PITTSBURGH.

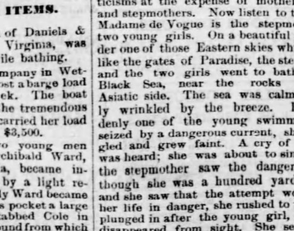
JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

NOTICE.
The sale of the "Cherokee Strip Lands," in Kansas, advertised to be sold under sealed bids by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, in accordance with the provisions of Act of Congress, May 11, 1872, has, by direction of the Secretary of the Interior, been stopped for the present on account of the financial depression in that section resulting from the ravages of the grasshoppers.
Further notice will be given of the date when proposals for the lands will again be received.
S. S. BURDETT,
Commissioner G. L. O.
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 19, 1875.

REMOVAL.
THOS. WIGHTMAN & CO.,
43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

WINDOW GLASS,
Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
Of old and Reliable Patterns.
Prices to suit times. Quality and style equal to any made in the country. aSp:p57

THE AMERICAN
Sectional Steam Boiler Co.,
Manufacture the celebrated
WEIGAND BOILER,
The only Boiler scientifically constructed so as to secure perfect circulation.
NEEDS NO CLEANING.
Costs comparatively nothing for repairs.
Absolute safety from destructive explosions.
Saves 25 per cent. in fuel.
Simple in its construction.
Any ordinary laboring hand can run it.
Rolling Mills, Factories, &c.
For pamphlets, testimonials and other information call or address the Company at their office.
No. 27 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.



D. THOMPSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BRUSHES,
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
NOTIONS, TOYS & FANCY GOODS,
176 and 178 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMERICAN OAT MEAL—KILN DRIED of superior quality, coarse and fine, for sale in barrels, half barrels, or small packages for family use—warranted equal to any imported.
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Cor. Liberty and 9th streets.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
SATURDAY, August 14,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
NEW
Tycoon Repps
Fall styles for Wrappers, Dressing Gowns, &c.
A Fine New Stock of
COLORED ALPACAS!
All choice shades, with Seal Browns, at 25c, a great bargain.
Black Alpacas, Black Cashmeres, Merinos, Drap d'Etes, &c.
Unusual Good Value in these.
A Splendid Assortment of
New and Desirable Dress Goods,
Every quality, in all fabrics, from 10c per yard upwards.
Especial attention is called to our large and complete stock of
BLACK AND COLORED
DRESS SILKS.
We are offering extra good bargains in all the grades of Black Silks, from $1 a yard to $4, and
New Colored Dress Goods,
Latest shades at bargains.
A VERY FINE LINE OF
Jeans, Cassimeres, Diagonals and Broadcloths,
For MEN'S WEAR at very low prices.
Dress Goods Department
Will be found very full and complete, and
Bargains at Every Counter.

Jos. Horne & Co.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE.,
Have now opened a Choice Line of
Colored Silks,
In the new Fall Colorings of Indigo, Marine, Seal Brown, Prune, Myrtle and Steel.
TRIMMING VELVETS,
To match all the above shades.
A FULL LINE OF
Black Velvets
FROM $2.00 PER YARD UP.
BLACK
"Hand-Spun" Silks,
In all qualities, soft-finish, and
Warranted to Wear.
BLACK AND WHITE STRIPE
AND
CHECK SILKS.
Black Gros Grain Ribbons
IN SUPERIOR QUALITIES.
Colored Gros Grain Ribbons,
IN ALL THE NEW SHADES.
Retail Stores.

THE WET SEASON.
Hay and Grain Badly Damaged
We hear from all sections. It is a great relief to turn to better, brighter things, such as we present by
"Our New System"
Retailing for Cash at Wholesale Prices.

Crooke's Handle Rain Umbrellas	49c
Hen's Linen Handkerchiefs	49c
Men's Paper Collars	11c
Men's Good Suspenders	23c
Ladies' Kaliko Belts	33c
Silk Sandal Wood Fan	33c
Ladies' Silk Ties	19c
Jet Ear Drops	9c
Red Imperial Coral Sets	29c
White Pearl Sets	29c
BRUSHES—Nail, 13c; Tooth, 9c; Clothes, 33c; Hair, 48c; Hand Mirrors, 39c.	

Towels, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Corsets, &c., at
CARLISLE'S
One Price Cash Store,
37 FIFTH AVENUE.

SUMMER RESORTS.
ROCKY POINT HOTEL,
Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island.
EUROPEAN PLAN.
Will open for the reception of guests July 1st. Eight Steamboats daily from Providence and Newport. Address,
L. H. HUMPHREYS, Proprietor,
City Hotel, Providence, R. I.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE, AT CRESSON SPRINGS—The Favorite Summer Resort, situated on the summit of the Alleghenies, will be opened for the reception of guests JUNE 17, 1875. Great Improvements in Buildings and Grounds since last season. Several Cottages to rent for the season. For further particulars address, at either of the following places, the Proprietors, G. W. MULLIN & CO.: Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.; St. Cloud Hotel, Phila.; or Frank A. Bart, Central Hotel, Pittsburgh. apr28

CONGRESS HALL,
CAPE MAY, NEW JERSEY,
Will Open for Guests June 10.
Congress Hall, at Cape May, N. J., is the finest Hotel, at this popular Summer Resort. The Hotel has accommodations for
One Thousand Guests.
A magnificent Beach Drive of over 2½ miles in length has been constructed.
TERMS, $4.50 PER DAY.
Address,
J. F. CAKE, Proprietor,
Congress Hall, Cape May, N. J.

SARATOGA OF THE WEST.
THE PUT-IN-BAY HOUSE,
Put-in-Bay, Lake Erie, Ohio.
SWENEY, WEST & Co., Proprietors.
This delightful and popular Summer Resort, the largest west of the Mountains,
Is Now Open for the Reception of Guests.
The Black Bass fishing here is unequalled by any other place in the United States.
RATES—$3.50 BY THE DAY; $2.50 BY THE WEEK.

PROFESSIONAL.
DANIEL WENKE,
Notary Public.
OFFICE:
1119 CARSON ST., South Pittsburgh.
DR. VANDEVORT,
D

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO 25,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, August 14, 1875.

The situation of affairs in the loan market remains without material change. The volume of business doing is comparatively light, and most of the banks report unusual dullness in nearly every department. The general feeling among the banks and lenders is one of ease. Beyond the requirements of their regular customers there is a surplus more than sufficient to meet any applications for favors that it is probable will come from outside sources. All the good paper that is offered finds ready sale at favorable rates. The earnings of the railroads, if they were generally reported, would be a good index of the volume of business of the country, provided the rates of transportation were the same each year; but there are so few railroad companies reporting regularly each month that the monthly statements have lost much of their significance. The returns given by the New York *Bulletin* of eleven of the Western railroads last year and this, exhibit the following comparison of gross earnings in July:

	1875.	1874.
Central Pacific	$1,477,030	$1,286,939
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	812,197	749,215
Cin., Lafayette & Chi.	*34,135	35,126
Illinois Central	702,704	627,454
Kansas Pacific	*270,115	293,247
Keokuk & Des Moines	33,839	41,248
Mo., Kansas & Texas	*168,325	245,600
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute (main)	73,842	104,037
St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute (branches)	35,644	41,734
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & So.	233,300	235,259
Union Pacific	1,043,653	850,159
Total	$4,941,331	$4,510,033
Increase	431,304	

*Fourth week estimated.

The same roads earned, in seven months ending with July, $20,393,023, showing an increase of $2,670,691 over the corresponding time last year.

We learn from Washington that the actual amount of the five per cent. bonds sold on account of the Specie Resumption Act is $10,500,000. The Silver Bullion Fund foots up $15,000,000, which with the bars and coined silver on hand last January amounts to nearly $20,000,000. In beginning the redemption of fractional currency, it is understood to be the intention of Secretary Bristow to call in all the denominations under fifty cents, which includes the three, five, fifteen and twenty-five cent notes issued since 1862, and which, it is estimated, will require $20,000,000 of ten, twenty and twenty-five cent subsidiary coin to provide for the temporary hoarding and the actual demands of business. The fifty cent notes will then be called in. The actual amount of fractional currency to be replaced is, in round numbers, but $30,000,000, more than one-fourth of the amount now reported in circulation having been destroyed, the evidence of this being that of the first three series long since called in, and aggregating over $11,000,000, not $100,000 was received during the last fiscal year. Already the mints have shipped to the Sub-Treasury and designated depositories large sums of the new coins, and through them the issue will be made and the paper money received. The Treasurer now says that a million of dollars of the hard money can be issued in New York in a short time at a cost not exceeding $100.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	113¼	5-20's 1867	120⅝
U.S.6's, 1861, coup	121½	" 1868—coupons	121⅜
5-20's 1862		10-40's	114⅝
" 1865	116⅝	Currency 6's	124½
" 1865	119	New 5 per cents	115⅝
" 1865 new	1.9⅛	10-40's—coupons	118
RAILROAD STOCKS.			
N. Y. Cen	104	Ohio & Mississippi	19⅛
Erie	14⅜	Union Pacific	72⅜
L. S. & M. S	97½	Wabash	31½
C. C. & I. C	4⅜	Harlem	138½
St. Paul	37⅛	Adams Express	102½
Pitts. Ft. W. & C.	94	American Express	64
Michigan Southern	60⅜	U. S. Express	41
Do. Central	62⅛	W., Fargo & Co. Ex	79⅛
North Western Com	42⅛	Quicksilver	15⅛
Do. Pref	58⅝	Fort Wayne	96½
Rock Island	98⅜	Hannibal & St. Jos.	22⅜
Chicago & Pitts	89⅝	Canton	128
Pacific Mail	20½	Iron Mountain	90
Western Union Tel.	83⅜		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R.	50⅜	Cen. Trans(A)	47
Reading (S)	35⅝	Empire Do (A)	54
U. N. J. (B)	109½	A. V. R. R.	92½
Oil Creek (B)	9⅜	P. C. & St. L.	75
Lehigh Valley (B)	62¼		

NEW YORK, August 13, 1875.

Gold opened at 113¾, declined to 113⅝, and closed at 113¾@113⅞. The borrowing rates were 1@6 per annum and 1-64@1-32 per diem. Governments are firm. Railroad bonds are strong. State securities are quiet.

This has been the most active day in the stock market of the week. The talk of consolidation of the telegraph companies formed the principal topic of conversation on the street, and served to keep Western Union active.

The market opened firm, with quite an advance in Lake Shore, Western Union, Northwest, St. Paul, Rock Island and the Missouri stocks. The market was strong throughout the day, with the exception of the closing sales, when prices declined 1@2, Lake Shore, Western Union and Northwest leading the decline.

A telegram dated 3:30, from London, says: The improved tone in financial circles continues, and all fears of further depression or disaster have passed away. The improvement is more marked in American securities.

The transactions on the Stock Exchange aggregated 54,000 shares, of which 4,400 were Pacific Mail, 21,000 Western Union, 11,000 Northwest, 7,000 Rock Island, 5,000 St. Paul, 16,000 Lake Shore, and 4,000 Ohios.

Government.—U. S. coupons '81, 12¾; 5-20s, '64, 116; do '65, 119; do '65, new 11⅝; do '67, 120½; do '68, 120½; new 5s, 116⅜; 10-40s, 114½; coupons 118; currency 6s, 125½.

State Bonds.—Tennessee's old, 52½; new, 51; Virginia new, 33½; do old, 38½; Missouri 6s, 101.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 83; Pacific Mail, 39; Adams Express, 101½; Wells & Fargo Express, 75; American Express, 57½; United States Express, 40; New York Central, 104; Erie, 14½; do preferred, 25; Harlem, 133½; do preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 62½; Union Pacific, 72½; Lake Shore, 69½; Illinois Central, 97½; Pittsburgh, 90½; Northwestern, common, 42½; do preferred, 55½; New Jersey Central, 110; Rock Island, 106½; St. Paul, 37; do preferred, 69½; Wabash, 6½; do preferred, 7; Ft. Wayne, 98½; Terre Haute, 5; do peferred, 20½; Chicago & Alton, 103; do preferred, 106; Ohio & Mississippi, 19½; Indiana Central, 4½; Burlington & Quincy, 17; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 22½; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 20; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 20; Union, 102½; Central Pacific, 102½.

LONDON, August 13—P. M.—The bullion gone into the Bank of England to-day was £61,000. Consols: money, 94 15-16; account, 95 1-16; 5-20s of '65, 107½; do of '67, 108¾; 10-40s, 104½; new 5s, 105½; New York Central, 94; Erie, 13¾; do preferred, 28.

PARIS, August 13.—Rentes 64f 82½c.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 13.—Ophir, 69¾; Mexican, 27⅜; Gould & Curry, 24½; Best & Belcher, 60; Savage, 42⅜; Bullion, 107; Hale & Norcross, 60; Crown Point, 36½; Yellow Jacket, 106; Imperial, 13⅜; Kentuck, 17½; Alpha, 24; Belcher, 28½; Confidence, 27; Consolidated Virginia, 328; Sierre Nevada, 19½; California, 66½; Bullion, 56; Overman, 65; Justice, 100; Caledonia, 27½; Exchequer, 225; Julia, 24.

Stock of Grain in New York.

The following table exhibits the stock of grain in New York on the dates named:

	July 31, Aug. 7,	Aug. 8,	Aug. 9,
	1875.	1874.	1873.
Wheat, bu.	268,559	553,894	1,883,767
Corn, bu.	2,6,434	983,396	1,126,343
Oats, bu.	693,038	591,480	1,402,095
Rye, bu.	28,191	21,668	327,252
Barley, bu.	1,163	1,163	28,400
		18,232	816,162
		.....	175,084
		.....	8,502

Wheat in California.

The receipts of wheat at San Francisco in July were 283,957 centals, or 473,260 bu., against 301,148 centals in July, 1874. The exports in July were 17,135 bbls. flour and 271,261 centals of wheat. The outward movement is reported by W. T. Coleman & Co. as being very dull, and several vessels were about loading on owner's account on the 1st inst.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, August 13, 1875.

The general merchandise markets continue quiet, and in a general way present no new or important features; trade continues quiet, as it nearly always is at this season of the year, and values have undergone no change to which reference has not already been made in these columns.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand, and we can report regular sales of prime to choice solid packed at 22a24; some dealers quote choice at 25, but it is generally regarded as an extreme quotation.

BEANS—Prime mediums, of which the supply is light, quoted, in a jobbing way, at $2,10a2,15 per bush.

CHEESE—The general tone of the market is weaker, but there has been no quotable decline in prices as yet; prime Ohio Factory, 11½a12.

EGGS—The market continues very dull, but prices remain unchanged; 15 is regarded as the ruling quotation.

FRUITS—Peaches were firmer to-day, in consequence of light receipts, and the market was active at $1a1,50 per box for fair to choice. Apples continue slow, but unchanged at $3a4 per bbl. Water Melons, 10a20c each, as to size, condition and quality.

FLOUR—The general tone of the market is easier, but prices are still maintained, and some dealers incline to the belief that old wheat stock will be got out properly for 30, perhaps 60 days to come. In a jobbing way, $7,50 appears to be the ruling rate for good standard brands of either winter or spring. Rye Flour, $6a6,25.

GROCERIES—The leading grocery staples present no new characteristics; business, while it is not to say active by any means, is about all that can reasonably be expected under existing circumstances. There is a fair trade in Sugars, but it is considerably behind what it was at this time last year, in consequence of the failure of the fruit crop in this part of the country.

SUGARS.

Crushed	12	Standard B	10⅝
Granulated	11¾	Ex C Standard	10⅝
Powdered	12	Demarara	9¾@10¾
Standard A	10¾	Porto Rico	8¾@ 9¾
N. O. Sugar	8¾@ 9¾	Refined Yellows	8¾@10

COFFEES.

Rio Good	@22	Roasted loose	27½
Rio Prime	@25	R. Java, bbls	@40
Rio Fancy	@24	R. Java, loose	@35
R. Rio, bbls	@28		

RICE.

Rangoon, per lb	7¾@8	Patna, per lb	7¾@8
Carolina, per lb	8½@9		

MOLASSES.

Porto Rico	50@55	New Orleans	75@80
Demarara	50@55		

GRAIN—There is nothing doing in Wheat in this market, and there is no stock in which to operate; we continue to quote Pennsylvania and Ohio red at $1,55a1,60. The supply of Oats is almost exhausted, and the market is very firm in consequence; prime old white would sell readily on spot at 70, although the demand is mostly for small lots. Sales of new Oats on spot at 65, and to arrive next week at 57. Corn is also in very limited supply, but there is not much inquiry; sales of Bulk on track at 82 1-2; Ear quoted at 83a85. Rye nominal at $1,10a1,12.

HAY—The supply of Baled is gradually being reduced, and the market is firm but unchanged, at $25a27 for good to prime old timothy.

POTATOES—Steady with regular jobbing sales at $2,50a2,75 per bbl. Sweet Potatoes, $5a6 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Dealers continue to report a very fair jobbing trade, especially in sugar-cured meats, but prices remain as last quoted.

Hams—Extra S. C.	14½	Lard-Prime Leaf in tierces	14½
Shoulders, Ex S. C.	12½	Do., half barrels	15
B'fast Bacon, S. C.	12	Lard-Re fined for manufacture in tierces	15
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured, old	18½	Do., in ¾ bbls	15½
Beef Tongues in Sugar Cured, ¾ doz		Do., in ½ bbls	16
Bacon Shoulders	10½	Do., ¾ lb caddies	17½
Clear Sides	13½	Do., ½ lb do	17¾
Short Rib do	13¼	Do., 1 lb do	18¼
Clear Sides	14½	Do., ½ lb do	18¾
Mess Pork, ¾ bbl	$23,00	Do., 1 lb do	19
Miner's Lard Oil		Carbon Oil	
Lard Oil		Cheese	

POULTRY—Live Chickens, 45a55c per pair.

RAGS—Good mixed, 2½a3.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed, in a small way, $3,20a3,25; Clover, $8,25.

TALLOW—Country, 8c; best city rendered, 8¾a8⅝.

THE IRON TRADE.

Pittsburgh.

PIG IRON.—The general position of the market has not varied much since the date of our last report; business continues quiet, as it nearly always is in midsummer, when many of our chief iron men are away from home, and we do not look for much of an improvement this side of next month. However, notwithstanding trade is quiet, the outlook is still regarded as being favorable for the producer, and while no very decided advance is expected, it appears to be very generally conceded that good standard mill irons are not likely to go and lower. Following sales were reported:

ALLEGHENY COKE.

150 tons Red Bank ..... $25 00 4 mos

CHARCOAL.

10 tons No. 1 Hanging Rock $30 00 4 mos
42 tons No. 2 Hanging Rock 26 60 4 mos
165 tons Nos 1 and 2 Hanging Rock ..... 27@33 00 4 mos
25 tons No 1 Hanging Rock 31 00 4 mos
40 tons No. 2 Hanging Rock 27 00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LOBE.

250 tons Grey Forge ..... $23 00 cash.
100 tons Gray Forge ..... 24 00 4 mos
100 tons Neutral Forge ..... 23 00 4 mos
100 tons Mottled and White .. 22 00 4 mos
200 tons Gray Forge ..... 24 00 5 mos

MANUFACTURED IRON.—The recent improvement in the weather, and this, for a time, clouded the outlook, has imparted a more hopeful feeling, and as it now appears that the reports in regard to the destruction of the crops, were exaggerated, manufacturers are expecting at least an average fall trade. Stocks, both in first and second hands, are light, unusually so, and then, as prices are more likely to advance than decline, both jobbers and consumers will feel more like stocking up. We continue to quote on a basis of 2,20a2,30 for merchant bars, western classification.

NAILS.—There is no particular stir in the Nail trade, nor is it to be expected at this season of the year; quite a number of the factories are stopped, some for repairs, and others making repairs, but it is expected that there will be a general resumption between now and the first of next month. Stocks are very small and the same is true of Wheeling, and the market is reported steady at $3, with two per cent. off for cash,

SCRAP IRON.—Continues very dull, and no improvement is expected this side of next month; prices nominally unchanged. No. 1 wrought, $25a27, 4 months; delivered at mills.

Bar.—The demand for Manufactured continues dull and prices weak, and it is said the production will soon be reduced. We quote Refined Bar at 2.6a2.8c from mills.—*Iron Age.*

NEW YORK.

American Pig—Little, if anything, encouraging can be written in regard to American iron. The demand continues limited to the smallest possible lots urgently required to fill pressing orders. We hear of some parcels from second hands offered at astonishingly low figures, but without resulting in attracting the attention of buyers, who do not appear disposed to operate beyond known wants, no matter on what terms offered. The larger Lehigh makers still claim to remain very firm and indifferent, and generally say they would refuse to entertain any bid below their views. We do not hear of any further blowing out though there is considerable talk about further reducing the production so as to keep it down close to the limited consumption. Makers hope by this means to keep values ruling about steady. The operations in Pipe Iron, noted heretofore, have included about 7,000 tons, most of which, it is said, sold at about $22a23 per ton. Sales have been made of 250 tons North River, 300 tons Forge, and small lots of No. 1 Iron, but terms in all cases are kept quiet. We quote: No. 1 Foundry, $26a28; No. 2 Foundry, $25a26; Gray Forge, $23a25; white and Mottled, $21a22.

BRITISH IRON MARKET.

A cable dispatch to the *Iron Age*, under date of the 11th, says: Scotch Pig—A rise of several shillings per ton over figures last reported for makers' iron has taken place during the week, and the market is now firm at the advance. This rise is apparently owing to an actual shipping demand, the returns for last week showing a large increase over the corresponding period of last year. The following are makers' quotations:

Coltnes No. 1	70s 6d
Gartsherrie No. 1	69s 6d
Glengarnock No. 1	67s 6d
Eglinton No. 1	62s 6d

Manufactured Iron.—There is a slight improvement in the demand, though the market may still be reported dull and prices nominal.

Rails remain unchanged.

The Texas Grain Trade.

A letter fim Dallas to the Galveston *News*, in speaking of the vast benefits Dallas is deriving from the wheat trade just begun, says:

"Wheat is coming in and selling freely for cash. Between two and three millions of bushels will thus change hands. The mills in operation have not the capacity for taking one-half of this, and it must seek a sale outside the State. If Galveston can control the better part of this year's surplus, the next season the demand will, in all probability, be doubled—then, again, by that time it is likely the millers will have been prepared to ship flour in barrels, when Galveston may export the flour and grain. I grant that the same objection that is urged against the New Orleans market is urged against Galveston—that in fact there is no reliable market. In consequence of this, holders here will not risk shipments to those places on consignment They are waiting for purchasers having orders, and it matters little to them whether they are St. Louis, Galveston or New Orleans orders."

The writer further urges the cotton factors of Galveston to take hold of the wheat trade, as during the summer they have nothing to do and could employ their capital to advantage by doing so.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, August 13.—Cotton steady at 14½c. Flour active at $4a8,60. Corn and Oats: market bare. Lrd dull and nominal. Bacon quiet at 10, 11½, 13½, 14½ @14¾c.

Tobacco.

OSWEGO, August 13.—Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee club $1,43; extra white Michigan $1,60. Corn steady; 84a86c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Beeves: receipts 4,980 head, making 5,020 in four days, against 3,970 in the same time last week; prices further declined a strong ¼c, and a large number remained unsold; native steers ranged from 9¾c to 12 1-2c, with a few of the best at 12¾a13c; poor to indecent Texans 7¼a8¾c. Sheep and lambs: receipts 4,440 head, making 15,220 in four days, against 10,830 in the same time last week; sales slow and limited; tendency downward; sheep ranged 4 1-4c to 6c; lambs 5½c to 8c. Swine: receipts 2,240 head; making 9,910 in four days, against 11,920 in the same time last week; none offered alive; dressed firm at 10 1-4a10¾c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Cotton: very dull; sales 13 bales; good ordinary to strict good ordinary 13 7-8a12 1-2c; low middling to strict low middling 13 1-8a13 4c; middling to strict middling 14 1-8a14 3-4c; receipts 32 bales; no exports; stock 17,471 bales; week's sales 1,250; net receipts 233; gross 243; exports to continent 1,531; coastwise 769; Great Britain 2,804; nusold last evening 14,500; on shipboard 3,000.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Cattle: receipts 2,200; dull and weak; tending downward; shipping $4a6,50; Texans $2a3,50; stockers $2,75a3,75; shipments 1,940. Hogs: receipts 10,000; firm, steady and fairly active; heavy $7,40a7,75; light $7,75a7,90; Philadelphia $8a8,25; shipments 5,700. Sheep: receipts 400; market unchanged.

BUFFALO, August 13.—Cattle: receipts 935; total for week 11,458; no market to-day; all fresh arrivals were through consignments; yards bare of stock. Sheep and lambs: receipts 400; no life in trade to-day

DAILY GAZETTE.

Circulation, 15,800.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The current issue of the WEEKLY GAZETTE is for sale on our counter to-day. It contains a complete resume of local and general news, telegraphic intelligence from every part of the world, commercial, financial, oil and cattle market reports, and editorials on all the leading topics of the day; altogether, thirty-six columns of choice reading matter, embracing subjects of interest to the lawyer, the doctor, the merchant, the mechanic, the farmer, and the family. The reputation of the GAZETTE is so thoroughly established, especially in the correctness of its commercial and market reports, that it has gained a circulation

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It is, at the same time, the cheapest in the list of weeklies of its grade. The subscription and club rates are as follows:

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HOME NEWS.

The Gazette for the Summer.

Persons leaving the city for the summer can have the Daily GAZETTE sent to them by mail, by leaving their orders at the counting-room.

Wanted

A girl to cook and do general housework. Must come well recommended. Apply at this office between 9 and 12 A. M., to-day.

Hitching Posts.

The County Commissioners are having hitching posts placed in position all around the Fifth avenue and Grant street sides of the Court House. This is a good idea, and should have been carried out long ago.

Postponed.

Yesterday afternoon there was to have been a hearing before Alderman McMasin the case of the Commonwealth vs. Jennie Rodgers, charged with maintaining a disorderly house. By consent of counsel the case was adjourned for one week.

Auction Stock Sales.

Mr. T. F. Stewart, the real estate and stock dealer, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, last night sold 150 shares of stock of the Citizens' Insurance Company at $26 75 per share; 150 shares Grafton Insurance Company at $25 per share, and one-half interest in the steamboat Hawk at $425.

A Fruitless Burglary.

Early yesterday morning four burglars entered the dwelling house of Mr. D. L. Patterson, No. 10 Greenwood street, Allegheny, by forcing open one of the front windows of the house, and raising the lower rooms for valuables they were heard by the servant girl, who frightened them away. They did not get anything.

Missing.

On last Monday morning a young man, who is somewhat demented, named John Reibel, disappeared from his home on Ohio street, Eighth ward, Allegheny, since which time nothing has been heard of him. His parents are very much troubled about him, fearing that he is drowned, as he was last seen on the bank of the Allegheny river.

Turning the Tables.

Yesterday afternoon John Upperman made an information before Alderman Donnelly against Michael Hughes for assault and battery and attempted robbery. Our readers will remember that Hughes was shot and dangerously injured in Brownstown, and Upperman was imprisoned to await the result of the injuries. Hughes survived and Upperman was released on bail. Now Upperman is charged with the attempted to rob him on the night in question. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Under Arrest.

Col. John Harvey, one of the solid men of our city, was in trouble yesterday. Meeting Captain Reed, on the levee, Col. John attempted to instruct him in the science of navigation in such a manner as to incur the Captain's displeasure. The Colonel had done this on several occasions before greatly to the annoyance of the Captain, so the maritime gentleman caused the military hero to be arrested. Yesterday afternoon Mayor McCarty interviewed Col. Harvey and deemed him able to pay twenty-five dollars and costs for his trouble, which he did.

Cruelty to a Horse.

Yesterday Otto Heil appeared before Alderman Scaner, on Wylie avenue, and made an information against Wm. Powell, charging him with cruelty to animals. The allegation was that the defendant had been driving a horse without any shoes on its fore feet; consequently the poor animal got lame and could not do any work. Then, as alleged, the owner began to whip it unmercifully in order to make it reach its stable. The Alderman caused the arrest of Powell, and after a hearing he was fined ten dollars and costs, which he paid.

Mysterious.

Shortly after eleven o'clock on Thursday night a gentleman who was crossing the Ninth street bridge, towards Allegheny, heard some person calling for help. The cries appeared to come from about the middle of the river, and after continuing for a few minutes stopped entirely. The gentleman hastened to Allegheny, where he notified the police officer and Lieut. Schoenberg, who examined the river carefully, but could neither see or hear anything. The gentleman who heard the cries thinks that they came from a drowning man.

Captured and Escaped.

Last evening a Sharpsburg constable arrested a man in Allegheny, and was about to take him to Sharpsburg, when the prisoner complained of being very sick. The officer helped him to the office of Dr. B. B. Smith, on Montgomery avenue, and he remained outside the office while the prisoner was consulting the physician, who was not aware that the man was a prisoner. After receiving a prescription, the fellow stepped through a side door into Druit's drug store, to get the prescription filled, but did not wait for that, but slipped out and disappeared. The officer, after waiting some time, entered the physician's office, and was told that his prisoner had gone into the drug store, but of course he failed to find him.

Cashier Elected.

Some few days ago the Directors of the Workingmens' Savings Bank, of 230 Ohio street, Allegheny, elected Mr. George Walter as Cashier of that institution. We congratulate Mr. Walter on receiving that position, and feel confident that the bank credit. Mr. Walter has been the book-keeper of this bank for over nine years, and has made many friends for the institution. Persons desirous of doing business with the Workingmens' Bank will find that their interest will be safe on account with it. President Herman, of this bank, has been connected with the institution since its organization, and has managed it carefully and successfully. His reputation for prudence and business ability is well known to every one.

Daylight Robberies.

Yesterday afternoon, about two o'clock the residence of Mr. Samuel Glass, on Bluff street, was entered by thieves and the house thoroughly ransacked. A short time before that the residence of Prof. J. P. Andrews had been similary treated. Mr. A. B. Glass was notified, by a policeman, of the action of some suspicious parties in the vicinity of the plundered houses, and securing the services of officer Schaffer he entered them and found all in confusion. Carpets had been torn up, bureau drawers ransacked and beds upset, the invaders evidently being in search of money, but it is not likely they got any. The families of Mr. Glass and Prof. Andrews are both away from the city, their houses being closed up and what, if anything, has been stolen, is not known.

A Fall of Pavement

Mr. McClure is employed at the brass foundry of Messrs. A. & J. McKeana, No. 122 Third avenue. Yesterday he was wheeling a barrow loaded with coal over the pavement in front of the foundry, when the earth suddenly gave way and Mr. McClure found himself and the coal about ten feet below the surface. His friends at once ran to his assistance and soon he was above ground again, but little the worse of his fall, save being badly frightened. The hole made by the sinking of the earth is nine ten or twelve feet in depth, and full eight feet in diameter. Being nearly circular in shape, it was at first supposed to have been an old well, but old inhabitants state that in former times there was a pond on what is now known as Third avenue. Most of the ground has been made, and since the great fire in 1845 the street has been raised two or three times. On the sides three layers of bricks, supposed to be remnants of sidewalks covered up by the change of grade, can be seen.

With your ice cream eat the Macaroons Cocoanut Drops and Lady Fingers, manufactured by S. S. Marvin & Co. These goods are sold by many of the grocers, and at 91 and 93 Liberty street, at prices which are not extravagant.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

Brief Notes of Matters Personal and Otherwise.

TRINITY Church remains closed until the first Sunday in September.

REV. A. C. MCCLELLAND, of the Freedmen's Committee, returned from Scotland last week.

THE Beaver Baptist Association will be held with the Unity Church, August 19th, at 2:30 P. M.

THE dedication of the new M. E. church at Champion Center, Ohio, is postponed until August 22.

REV. J. HILL will preach in the Fifth Avenue M. E. Church next Sabbath morning, at 10½ o'clock.

REV. T. H. HANNA, until recently pastor of the Second U. P. Church, Pittsburgh, was in town this week.

THERE will be preaching at the Fourth Presbyterian Church to-morrow, at the usual hour, by the pastor.

A LARGE number of our city pastors are away summering; and it is hoped they will return invigorated in body.

REV. JOHN RUTHERFORD, of the U. P. Church, Canada, will preach in the Second U. P. Church, this city, to-morrow.

JACOB ZEARING, a member of Summit street United Brethren church, of Dayton, Ohio, died August 31, in his fifty-third year.

REV. W. H. KNOX, of the Wylie Avenue U. P. Church, this city, is at Fayette Springs. His church will be closed for two Sabbaths.

REV. D. S. MCMICHAEL, of Newton, Iowa, will preach in the Third U. P. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow (Sabbath) at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

REV. W. J. REID, pastor of the First U. P. Church, this city, is taking his regular yearly vacation, by making a visit to his friends in New York State.

SERVICES will be held in St. Peter's Episcopal church, Sunday morning and afternoon, as usual, the rector, Rev. Dr. Spaulding, having returned.

THE Convention under the direction of Beaver Valley Presbytery, will meet in the U. P. church, New Brighton, on Wednesday next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

IT IS reported that Rev. F. A. Noble, D. D., of the Third Church of this city, has received a call to the Centre Church, New Haven, formally Dr. Bacon's.

THERE will be no services in the Fourth U. P. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow, but on the Sabbath following the pulpit will be filled by Rev. Mr. Barr, a returned missionary.

THE various Camp Meetings hereabouts are largely attended and the best of order is maintained. Full reports of the proceedings have appeared in the GAZETTE from day to day.

THE noon-meeting at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. will be held to-day by Mr. George Wilson taking up the Sunday School Lesson for to-morrow. Meeting commences at 12 o'clock and continues 45 minutes.

REV. E. P. CRANE will preach in Grace Memorial Presbyterian church, Arthur street, on Sunday evening at half-past seven o'clock. The pastor, Rev. William H. Thomas, preaches in the morning at the usual hour.

THE corner stone of the new Presbyterian church in Amity, Pa., will be laid on Monday next, at 1 P. M. Drs. J. P. Brownson and G. P. Hays and Profs. Henry Woods and George Fraser are expected to take part in the services.

THE St. Vincent de Paul Society, attached to St. Peter's R. C. church, Allegheny, appeal to the ladies and the charitable in general, for donations of old clothes, to supply the demand made upon it by the many poor under its charge.

RT. REV. BISHOP DOMENEC, of this city, leaves for Loretto, Pa., to-day. On Sunday he will confer first Communion and the right of Confirmation upon upwards of one hundred and fifty children at St. Aloysius' Church, Father Hackett pastor, at Summitville.

REV. W. J. ROBINSON, pastor of the First U. P. Church, Allegheny, has been absent for some time, and he does not expect to return to his charge until next month. Mr. R. has been an invalid for a year or two past, and is unable to do much pastoral work.

REV. WM. HARVEY and family, of the Egyptian Mission, passed through the city a few days since on their way to Detroit, Michigan, where a brother of Mr. Harvey's resides. They are in good health. It is already contracted, can be cured by leaving about ten years since Mr. and Mrs. Harvey left this country for Egypt.

REV. DR. ORMOND, of the Eleventh U. P. Church, South Side, having completed his summer vacation on the 1st inst., will resume preaching to-morrow in his church at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. He will preach at 2½ P. M. at his Mission Sabbath School No. 2, on Coal Hill.

THE place of meeting of the next Pittsburgh Conference of the Methodist Church, has by authority of the District Committee, been changed from Wellsburg, W. Va., to the Castle Shannon Methodist camp meeting ground, Allegheny county, Pa., to commence on the 1st day of September.

A CERTAIN tenant was asked by the landlord for his share of the harvest, and replied that he only had a half crop and felt compelled to keep that for himself. In dealing very much as many do who, renting from their Lord and Master, reckon the losses on the landlord's side.—*United Presbyterian.*

THE Third U. P. Church, Diamond street, Pittsburgh, has been undergoing thorough repairs. The audience room will not be ready for occupancy for some weeks yet, but there will be regular service in the lecture room, commencing to-morrow (Sabbath morning) at 10½ o'clock. No service at night.

REV. E. K. SQUIER, D. D., having returned to the city after an extended trip in the West, will preach in the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock. It is due Rev. Dr. Squier to say that the statement of his having purchased a farm in Mississippi is all untrue.

DR. ALEXANDER CLARK, editor of the *Methodist Recorder*, is supplying the pulpit of St. Paul's M. E. church, Cincinnati, by request of the pastor and congregation. He goes to Cincinnati on Saturdays, and is home again on Monday evenings. Many of his former Union chapel parishioners are now in St. Paul's.

THE First, Second, Third and Central Presbyterian churches will hold union services to-morrow in the Second Church, at Penn avenue and Seventh streets, the Rev. J. M. Smith officiating. Morning services at 10½ o'clock; evening services at 7½ o'clock. Union prayer meeting of the same churches in the Second church lecture room on Wednesday evening, at 7½ o'clock.

THE Presbytery of Butler will meet in the Slippery Rock Church, on the last Tuesday of August, at 11 o'clock A. M. In the ordination and installation services Rev. Mr. Reed will preside; Rev. Mr. Boyd will preach; Rev. J. E. Dodds address the pastor, and Rev. Mr. McCampell the people. Mr. Samuel Patterson was appointed to read the edict in the Slippery Rock congregation, and J. B. Mahon in Clinton.

REV. J. W. WITHERSPOON, pastor of the Fifth U. P. Church, Allegheny, left for Tennessee, yesterday, to look after the interests of the Freedmen's Mission in connection with the denomination of which he is a member. He goes by order of the General Assembly, and expects to be absent three weeks. His church, therefore, will be closed to-morrow and the Sabbath succeeding.

THE Catholic devotion of forty hours' in honor of the Most Holy sacrament, will commence on August 15, at St. Mary's, Loretto; Aug. 15, at Sacred Heart, East End; Aug. 15, at Most Holy Sacrament, Greensburg; Aug. 29, at St. James', Tomgenanowitz; Aug. 29, at Most Holy Name, Troy Hill; Sept. 5, at St. Mary's, Freeport; Sept. 5, at St. Bridget's Pittsburgh; Sept. 12, at Holy Trinity Pittsburgh; Sept. 12, at Immaculate Conception, Washington; Sept. 12, at St. James', West Alexandria; Sept. 12, at St. Patrick's, Brady's Bend; Sept. 12, at St. Thomas', Braddock's Fields; Sept. 19, at St. Mary's, Lawrenceville; Sept. 19, St. Jo eph's, New Brighton; Sept. 26, at St. Rose's, Glenwilson; Sept. 26, at St. Malachy's, South side; Sept. 26, at St. Peter's, McKeesport; Sept. 26, at Holy Family, Latrobe.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

That Alleged Cruelty to a Horse in Sewickley—Card from Mr. Ray.

Yesterday Mr. Ad. M Ray, undertaker and proprietor of a livery stable in Allegheny, was arrested on an information made by Constable Backhouse, of Sewickley, before Esquire Rudisill, charging him with cruelty to animals. The defendant gave bail, before Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, for a hearing next Tuesday. The *Chronicle's* report of this case, which was rather strong in some of its allegations, has elicited the following card from Mr. Ray.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

Wishing the public to understand the truth in regard to an article in last evening's *Chronicle*, headed "Driven to Death," I would like to state the facts of the case. Having business down the road on Thursday, I drove a span of horses in a light buggy. On my way home one of the horses was taken with a bad attack of diarrhœa, and getting wet by the rain, it turned to inflammation of the bowels, causing death. The horse was neither abused nor overdriven. Instead of running away, I remained in Sewickley fully one hour and a half, then came home, intending to return to-day and take care of the body; but this morning I was arrested by Officer McGoffin. I then informed Constable Backhouse that I would go to Sewickley this afternoon, and take a veterinary surgeon to examine the horse, to prove my innocence. I did so, but on my arrival at Sewickley found they had buried the horse. I suppose the haste was for fear the evidence of Dr. Czarnicki would be too favorable to my case. Asking justice only, and favor from none, I am, respectfully,

AD. M. RAY.

Pittsburgh, August 13, 1875.

Look to Your Feet.

Of all the ills which flesh is heir to, those which arise from the wearing of ill-shaped and ill-fitting boots and shoes are the most annoying. These can be prevented, and if already contracted, can be cured by leaving your order for a pair of boots or shoes at the manufactory of Wm. Martin, No. 108 Federal street, Allegheny, whose manufacture is of the best quality, at prices to suit the times.

Of Undoubted Excellence.

The Water and Sewer Pipe and all other Terra Cotta manufactures of N. U. Walker & Co., No. 372 Penn street, are possessed of every quality constituting excellence, and give universal satisfaction in all cases.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····James T. Sample and F. C. McClintock, who were committed to jail in default of the payment of costs on bills ignored by the Grand Jury, were released yesterday, their terms of thirty days having expired.

····The roof of a house at the corner of South avenue and Walker street, Allegheny, owned by a gentleman named O'Donnell, was slightly injured by fire yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock. No alarm was sounded.

····The contract for erecting a new Court House at Hollidaysburg, in Blair county, has been awarded to John Schreiner, of this city, at $103,700. The other Pittsburgh bidders were R. H. Knox, $105,000; J. L. L. Knox, $127,300, and Jno. S. Love, $146,500.

····A boiler belonging to Argus & Sanders, on the Santhard farm, near St. Joe, in the Butler county oil region, blew up on Thursday, doing some damage to property, but not injuring any one seriously. One of the Argus brothers was thrown about ten feet and had an ugly cut in his hip.

····Yesterday morning a two year old child of Edward Ruffenach, a Carson street storekeeper on the South Side, wandered to the roadway and was knocked down by one of the horses attached to a coal wagon belonging to the Castle Shannon Coal Company. Just as the animal was about to step upon the child one of the hostler's of Miller's livery stable dragged it from under the horse's feet, thus saving its life.

····The bill of the Pittsburgh Gas Company against the city shows that during the past six months the municipality consumed 19,633,301 feet of gas. 6,250,000 feet were furnished free of charge, and the remainder at 75 cents per cubic foot foots up the sum of $10,052 46. There were 26 lamps erected at $50 each, and one hanging lamp at $15, making $1,315 for extensions; repairs to lamps, $1,217 80; coke, 3,300 at 5½c and 8,302 at 5¼c, $617 36.

····Yesterday morning the body of an unknown man who walked into the Monongahela river on Thursday last, at Graham & Black's mill, and was drowned, was recovered yesterday morning. The man was about thirty years of age, five feet nine inches in height, with dark hair and dark moustache. He wore a dark suit of clothes, boots, a white shirt with an embroidered front, a dark necktie. In his shirt were three gold or plated studs, and in his pockets were a trunk key, a single-bladed knife, and a brass hotel check numbered "68." Witnesses at the inquest identified him as the man whom they saw walk into the river and disappear. A verdict of "found drowned" was rendered.

PERSONAL.

***Governor Hartranft arrived in the city yesterday and was the guest of Postmaster Negley last night.

***G. H. Irwin, Past Grand Worthy Vice Templar, and J. A. Gary, Grand Worthy Templar, of Pittsburgh, are in Chicago.

***Henry Snively, Esq., Controller Warner's accommodating and genial assistant, has gone to spend his vacation in Westmoreland county.

***Chas. K. Landis, the Vineland, N. J., shoeter, upon whom Carruth, the editor of the *Independent*, received such rough treatment, was in the city yesterday.

***The Pittsburgh Lorley is here twenty strong. Its President, C. Schegel, and Director, Philip Rothleder, are the handsomest men from Pittsburgh.—*Youngstown, O., Tribune.*

***Pittsburghers in Philadelphia on Wednesday:—J. G. MacConnell, H. R. Davis, W. F. Robb, Chas. Parker, M. B. Cochran, E. Spahr and wife, J. Brady and wife, H. T. Smith, R. H. Smith and wife, E. Neiman, F. Neiman, G. J. Copeland.

***Mr. W. F. Owen, of the Pittsburgh Opera House Company, arrived in the city yesterday after a summer tour with a dramatic company through the principal cities of the Canadas. He ought to be an is quite eulogistic in speaking of the hospitable manner in which he was received up North.

CRIME IN THE CITY.

Brief Mention of Petty Criminalities.

THIS evening the case of Mrs. Bridget Shields against Martin Nolan, will come up for a hearing before Alderman Seanor, Eighth ward. The allegation is that Nolan called Mrs. Shields some very bad names, and raised a disturbance for no reason whatever.

YESTERDAY Alderman G. W. Nichols committed John Appy to jail for a hearing in default of $300, on the charge of malicious mischief, preferred by John Pfischner. The same party, in default of $500 bail, also, was committed on a charge of larceny preferred by Pfischner.

IN the case of the information made by James Flack before Alderman Logan, charging officer Robinson with false arrest, it has been ascertained that the information had been made against the wrong party. It appears that on Wednesday night Flack was arrested for drunkenness by officer Haney, and the following morning he was fined one dollar and costs.

YESTERDAY Christian Hahn appeared before Deputy Mayor, J. Martin Schaffer, and made information against Wm. Lantz and Thomas Jenkins, charging them with stealing forty-five bundles of shingles. The first named is the landlady's son of twelve years of age, and in company with Jenkins and a third boy they entered the room and found the trunk unlocked, from which it is charged they took the money. They were held for a hearing.

AT a pic-nic given at Friendship Grove on Thursday, James Loufman was attacked by three men who knocked him down and "went through" him, taking a gold chain, but not a very large amount, that he had in his possession. One of the alleged highwaymen, Charles Kernan, was arrested by the police of Deputy Mayor King, of Lawrenceville, and in default of bail was committed to jail for trial by court. The other two have not been arrested.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

In the matter of Rogers, Wallace & Co., of this city, bankrupts, a hearing was had, on a petition for a discharge of Jas. S. Wallace. Messrs. John Dippold and Chas. Peacock filed specifications of objections thereto. The assignee in the case of M. J. Clarke, of Luzerne county, filed his report for July.

City National Bank, of Pittsburgh, vs. Henry A. Freyvogle, alleged bankrupt. Petition presented and order to show cause granted, returnable 20th instant. Petition for injunction and motion for same presented and argument on the same by Mr. Weir for, and Mr. Watson *contra*, after which a further hearing was fixed for the 20th inst., and in the meantime restraining Thomas Barnes, his attorney and the debtor from performing the act sought to be enjoined. The amount of the claim of the bank is $5,600.

Henry S. Koverman, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. Order made directing the assignee to sell certain mortgages belonging to bankrupt's estate.

PROBABLY FATAL.

Sad Accident to an Alleghenian.

Yesterday morning a young man named William Leo, a stove polisher by occupation, met with an accident at Brushton Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, which will probably cost him his life. Mr. Leo is employed at McFarland's stove foundry, at the point referred to. He boarded the early accommodation train for the purpose of going there, and on reaching Brushton, stepped from the train to the track opposite just as the Cincinnati Express came along, and was struck by the engine at 7:11 in the morning. The cowcatcher of the engine of the express train struck him and he was carried quite a distance on it before the train was stopped. A number of gentlemen then picked the unfortunate man up and carried him into the waiting-room. Drs. Semple and Stotler, of Wilkinsburg, were summoned, but pronounced Leo's injuries immediate and fatal. The left and the unfortunate man was otherwise badly hurt. After his wounds had been dressed, Mr. Leo was removed to his home, No. 15 Perry street, Allegheny, and he was still living at last accounts. Both his arms are broken, and his face and body are terribly bruised, and the attending physician does not think his recovery possible. He is twenty-three years of age and is married, but has no children.

Four O'clock P. M.

This is the hour at which the Mayor disposes of such "drunks" and "disorderlies" as are captured after seven o'clock in the morning. All being in readiness yesterday afternoon time was called by Captain Reed. C. A. Filston was the first defendant on the docket. He had been arrested for disorderly conduct during the morning, but on reaching the lock-up left a deposit of ten dollars for his appearance to answer at four P. M. He failed to appear, and then Capt. Reed called C. A. Filston three times and no answer being received, the ten dollars was declared forfeited to the city.

Next came Officer Austin having in charge Pat Doran. The officer alleged that Patrick had invaded the Union Depot more or less for the past three days in quest of some property of his that he insisted had been mis-shipped somehow. Yesterday, the officer stated, Doran came back again in a drunken condition and was loud and boisterous in his manner. Ten days in jail was his sentence.

The next defendant was a young colored man named Joseph Burleigh. Joseph had been at a colored church on the night previous, and had behaved himself in such an outrageous manner as to warrant his arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct. Officer Harris testified to the bad behavior of the prisoner, and he was fined five dollars and costs. A friend handed him the "nine and a quarter" and he departed thoughtfully.

Thus ended the four o'clock matinee.

Money Not an Object.

An inspection of the really elegant and neatly-fitting suits manufactured by B. Tiegel, No. 63 Smithfield street, and the low prices at which the same are offered to his customers, almost leads one to believe that Tiegel does not work for money, but for the satisfaction of pleasing himself by pleasing others.

Fresh and Popular.

The reading public will find all the latest publications, all the latest and most popular novels of the day, with a choice selection of general reading matter, at the Book and News Depot of W. A. Gildenfenny, No. 69 Fifth avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

Fifth Avenue Comedy Theater.

The name of this theater has undergone a number of changes with the last five or six years, but never since its erection has it been so completely transformed internally as within the last few weeks, preparatory to its formal opening on Monday evening next under the management of Mr. Sam. E. Ryan. We have already hinted at the alterations that have been made, and will not now attempt to describe in detail how pretty and handsome it has been made, for on Monday evening all who wish can go and see for themselves. We will state, however, that not a nook or corner of the theater has been permitted to pass untouched by the brush of the painter or the pencil of the artist. The ornamentation of the proscenium boxes has been particularly neat and is very agreeable to the eye. They are decorated partly in brilliant crimson, the brightness of which is subdued by neutral and more modest colors. New lace curtains and lambrequins have also been added. The aisles and front stairway have been laid with acantilla matting, cushioned chairs immovably fixed to the floor, and, indeed, nothing has been forgotten that would add in any measure to the comfort of the pleasure seeker. The theater is now one of the most cheerful and cosy in this city. It is not as elegant as the Pittsburgh Opera House, and it would be physically impossible to make it so, unless it was torn down and rebuilt again, but then it must be borne in mind that there are few places of amusement in this country that surpass the Pittsburgh Opera House in point of beauty and convenience. The first floor of the Comedy Theater will seat as many persons as the parquette and circle of its next door neighbor, though one would hardly think so upon merely glancing at it. In addition to what we have stated above patrons of the drama will be gratified to learn that a stairway, closed and in disuse for years, has been opened in the rear of the stage and will serve as additional means of egress in case of fire. The impromptu complimentary concert given in the theater last night, by Gus. Gebert's orchestra, to the newspaper representatives and a number of other invited guests, was quite an agreeable affair and particularly excellent in a musical point of view, as one will readily infer from the following well-selected programme:

1. Welcome March.....Beyer.
2. Overture, Bohemian Girl.....Balfe.
3. Fusiones Waltzes.....Strauss.
4. Solo for Clarionet.....Bergsohn.
5. Medley, "Airs of the Day".....Gebert.
"Home, Sweet Home."

Mr. Ryan opens on Monday night with an excellent entertainment of a vaudeville character, and he promises to have a programme upon the public the fact that he intends to win back the old popularity of this favorite house. This evening he begins, making it a place which ladies can visit with perfect propriety, and feel wholly at ease and undisturbed by the fear of hearing or seeing something which, to say the least, is disgusting. Mr. Ryan's intention to introduce an entirely new system of management, and if his idea as given above is fully carried out we see no reason why he should not be rewarded with an ample share of the public favor. His entertainments, with an entire change of programme every week, until some time in September, when the comedy season will commence.

Trimble's Varieties.

This standard place of variety amusement operates in a field peculiarly its own, and upon which unsuccessful attempts at invasion have frequently been made. This week's performances have attracted large audiences every night and the artists have been rewarded warm receptions. A special matinee will be given this afternoon and the regular performance to-night.

FIERY STATEMENTS.

Conflagrations in Pittsburgh During the Last Three Months.

The report of the Fire Marshal to the Board of Underwriters, for the quarter ending July 1st, shows that during that period there were 115 alarms, 87 from cause and 38 needlessly. Of these there occurred from bursting of glass-pots, 3; burning rubbish, 1; carelessness with fire, 6; carelessness with matches, 6; defective flues, 13; defective furnaces, 1; foul chimneys, 5; gas jets and leaks, 3; incendiarism, 17; petroleum and oil lamps, 6; sparks from chimneys, 15; sparks from stoves and grates, 4; sparks from candles, 2; sparks from furnaces and forges, 2; spontaneous combustion, 1; unknown and suspicious, 29; false alarms, 7; total, 115. The alleged value of property where fires took place was $980,055; alleged gross loss, $351,994 83; insurance, $646,060 43; insurance paid, $256,771 61. The difference in excess of the corresponding period last year, of insurance paid, was $43,542 52.

The following were the principal fires, and they include all the insurance, excepting about $35,000:

	Insurance.	*Paid.*
Harley Color works.....	$ 37,500	$10,000
Workhouse.....	50,000	22,700
Hussey, Binns & Co.....	15,000	13,314
Shanahan's oil barges..	34,000	25,179
Lockhart & Frew.....	75,500	58,950
Bown & Son and others..	238,815	92,034

Attention is called to the fact that seventeen fires are attributed to incendiarism and three to unknown and unexplained causes. Twelve of these fires originated in stables, and three in unoccupied buildings, which, with few exceptions, were fully or over insured. The heaviest losses in work defined cases of incendiarism originated in dwellings in the outer hill wards of Pittsburgh, mainly on the South Side. The incentives are supposed to arise from the depreciation of values, occasioned by street improvements, heavy cuts and deep fillings.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

Addison Lysle et ux, to William Blakely, May 3, 1875; lot in Fifth ward, Allegheny, on Sheffield street. Price.....$ 1,234 34

William Blakely et ux, to John A. Cochran, July 7, 1875; lot on Sheffield street.....$ 2,500

W. H. Wilson and John Wilson to same as above, July 21, 1875; one acre in Shaler township. Price.....$ 600

Emanuel De Roy et ux, to Mrs. A. Aarons, Nov. 7, 1873; lot in Allegheny, on Poplar alley. Consideration.....$ 1

Mrs. A. Aarons to Johanna De Roy, Nov. 12, 1873; same lot as above. Price.....$ 1,800

Patrick Berlin to William Ward, July 28, 1875; two lots in Fourteenth ward, city, on Fifth avenue. Price.....$ 1,100

Sheriff's Full Deed to Allemania Fire Insurance Company, July 14, 1875; lot in Lower St. Clair township. Price.....$ 750

W. H. Wilson and John Wagner, August 11, 1875; lot in Lower St. Clair township. Consideration, $1 John Longdon to Mary Ann Longdon, August 5, 1875; lot in Sixth ward, city, on Marion street. Price.$2,500

Elizabeth F. Denny to Alois Kivozel a, June 8, 1875; lot in Sixteenth ward, city, on John street. Price.....$ 1,200

David Anderson to Hester A. Lucas, July 15, 1875; lot in Ben Avon borough. Consideration.....$ 1,000

Anson P. Morton to Martha Craig, June 30, 1875; two lots in Thirty-second ward, city, on Southern avenue. Price.....$ 1,200

James L. Early to William J. Early, August 7, 1875; lot in Chartiers borough, on Ford street. Price.....$ 400

Excursion to Niagara Falls.

Last Thursday week ago a party of excursionists was conveyed over the Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad from Conneautville to Niagara Falls. It was under the auspices of the Conneautville Zouaves, and under the immediate management of Messrs. J. L. and H. Bryan, of Conneautville. We have been informed that it was the longest excursion train ever run to that noted resort, and was thoroughly successful and enjoyable in every respect. It started out with but two cars, but soon increased to twenty-four, then to thirty-two, and finally to thirty-eight, the accessions along the route being so numerous as to tax the ability of the railroad company to furnish cars. The Pittsburgh excursion was such an eminent success that it is now proposed to have one from this city, which will run through to Niagara without change of cars, less than ten hours, and return the day after leaving. The Messrs. Rupert have chartered a special train which will leave Pittsburgh on Saturday, August 28th, at 6:30 A. M., for Niagara, over the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, Erie & Pittsburgh and Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroads. The train will stop for passengers at most of the prominent stations between this city and Beaver Falls only. The Messrs. Rupert managers have contracted for reduced rates for members of the party at all the principal hotels, and for half rates of admission to all the principal points of interest. Returning, the train will leave Niagara about 3 P. M., on Sunday, giving nearly twenty-four hours at the Falls, and will reach Pittsburgh early on Monday morning. The trip will be wholly in daylight in going and nearly so returning. The fare is fixed at the low rate of eight dollars for the round trip. This is the first excursion ever projected from this city direct to Niagara without change of cars, and affords a rare opportunity for spending twenty-four hours at the Falls at a nominal expense, and with a loss of but one day from business.

Suit for Damages.

In Common Pleas Court No. 1, yesterday, Samuel N. Abers instituted a suit for trespass *vi et armis* against Peter Simmons, a constable of Snowden township. The affiant alleges that on Saturday last a groundless charge of surety of the peace was preferred against affiant by Sarah C. Abers before Justice Riggs, of the above township. A warrant was issued and Simmons detailed to execute it. Notwithstanding, affiant alleges, he was sick, and under the physician's care at the time, defendant entered his house and took him without giving him time to put his coat on. When he arrived at the Squire's office he asked that the following Monday be fixed as a time for a hearing, and that he be allowed to give bail. The Squire, he alleges, refused to assent to this, telling him they would have the hearing then and there. Being without witnesses, he waived a hearing, and asked the constable to go with him to his father's residence, near by, to get bail. This the defendant also refused to do, notwithstanding he offered him a dollar for his trouble. The constable then drew from his pocket a stout cord, and although, affiant alleges, he made no attempt to escape whatever, his wrists were tied fast, and being placed in a wagon, he was hauled to the city and jailed, coming a distance of twelve miles to reach the city. By this abuse he claims that his health was injured materially, and he has never been the same man, physically, since. A capias was issued.

Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

Dispatches received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at 163 Smithfield street, announce the arrival of the steamer Neckar at New York; steamer Leipzig at Baltimore.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE CAMP GROUND.

Interesting Letter from Mount Sewickley—Opening on Tuesday —A Pleasant Surprise Party—Domestic Notes — A Parrot That Sings "Happy Day."

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MT. SEWICKLEY CAMP GROUND, August 13, 1875.

This certainly has been the most pleasant day we have had for a month; indeed it is the first day that St. Swithin has not favored us with at least one shower and it is needless to say that every body appreciates his absence. We have had very good weather all this week and as I predicted in my last the number of arrivals would be quite great. Ever since early Monday morning everything has been hurry and bustle and the click of the hammer and screech of the saw has been heard from morning till night. The seats have all been put down in the auditorium, the pavilion erected and everything is now in readiness for the meeting which begins on Tuesday next.

Among those who have arrived this week I notice Revs. McGuire, Rogers, Lynch, also the families of Messrs. Jos. Walton, J. F. Dravo, J. Weyand, of Beaver, James L. Graham, D. N. White, Judge White, Arthur Hobson, J. Stiles, and a great many more whose names I do not remember. Quite a number of the above families were detained at home on account of the continual rains of the past two or three weeks.

Prayer meetings were held every evening, and are very interesting and impressive. Last night it was conducted by Rev. L. McGuire, of Arch street, Alleghany, and was very largely attended and greatly enjoyed by every person present. After the service a little incident occurred which was the source of much pleasure and joy to those who participated. It being the birthday of Mr. J. H. Mullen, (of Mullen, Steen & Co., who occupies cottage No. 24, it was decided by some of the cottagers to get up a sort of a surprise party, which they did to perfection. It was such a complete surprise that the estimable gentleman could not find words to express his feelings for some time, but the surprise part of it was not all by any means, for on the table in the dining room was found an abundance of substantials to the palate of all, even the most fastidious of eaters. The occasion passed most delightfully, and will no doubt be a pleasant recollection to many.

It is expected that there will be preaching here on next Sabbath, both morning and evening.

There are between fifty and sixty families here now, enjoying the delightful breezes on this high hill, and when it is cool, although just about right for sound sleeping, a habit which I think everybody has contracted since coming to this lovely resort.

There is ample accommodations for conveying visitors to and from the station, the hacks making regular trips. On Monday next there will be three or four additional hacks, which will make passages to and from the grounds quite rapidly.

The south of the village still continue in the height of enjoyment, fishing, playing ball, &c. Poor boys, they only have to-morrow and Monday to indulge in their sports, for on Tuesday the regular meeting begins and all must attend services, the managers prohibiting anything of the kind after meetings begin.

The spirit of adornment still occupies the minds of the different mist